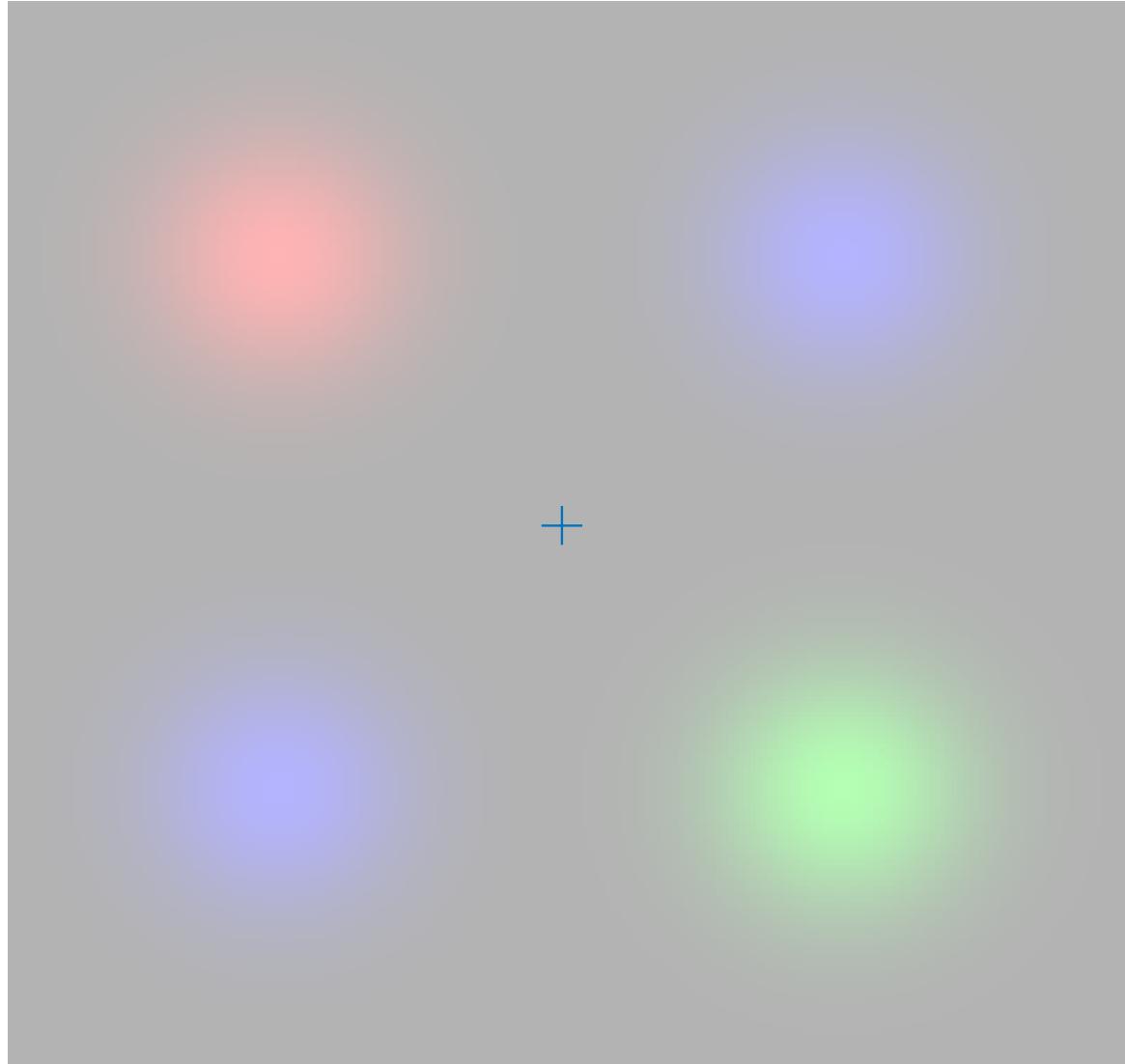


Active Inference

Annual Conference of the Australasian Bayesian
Network Modelling Society





Active Inference

Self-evidencing
Message passing
Discrete time (planning)
Continuous time (movement)
Hierarchical models
Summary



Active Inference

Self-evidencing

Message passing

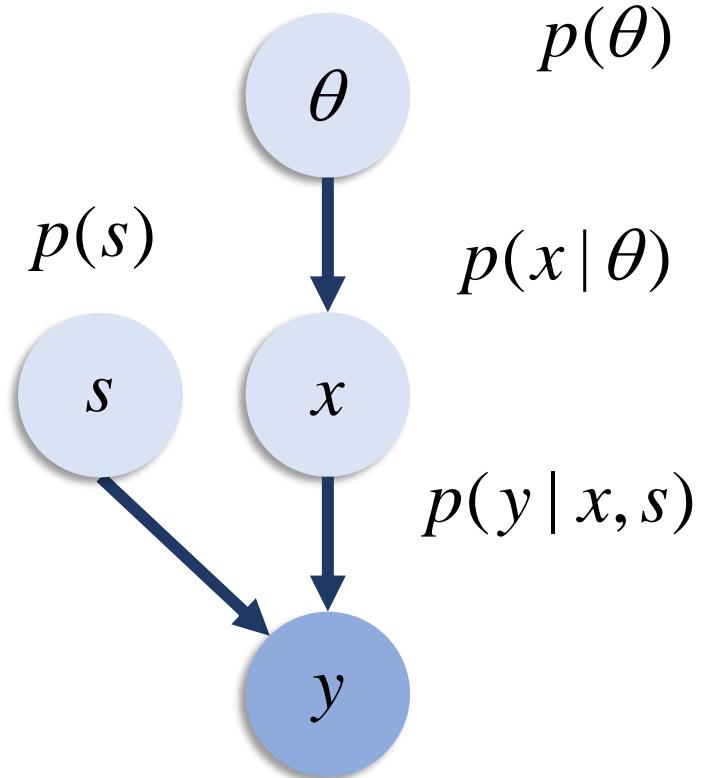
Discrete time (planning)

Continuous time (movement)

Hierarchical models

Summary

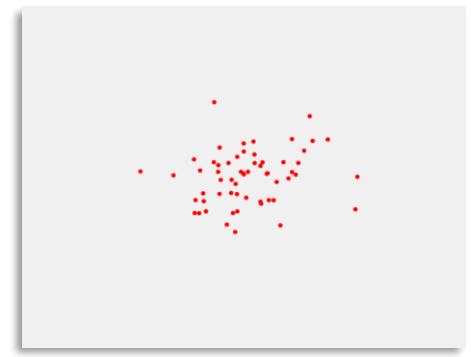
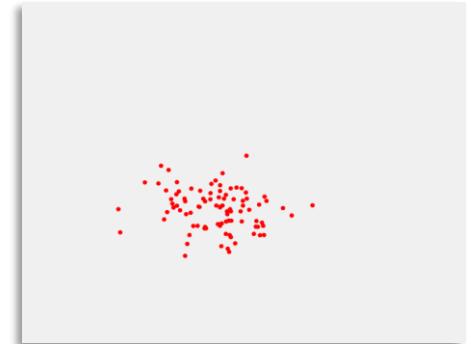
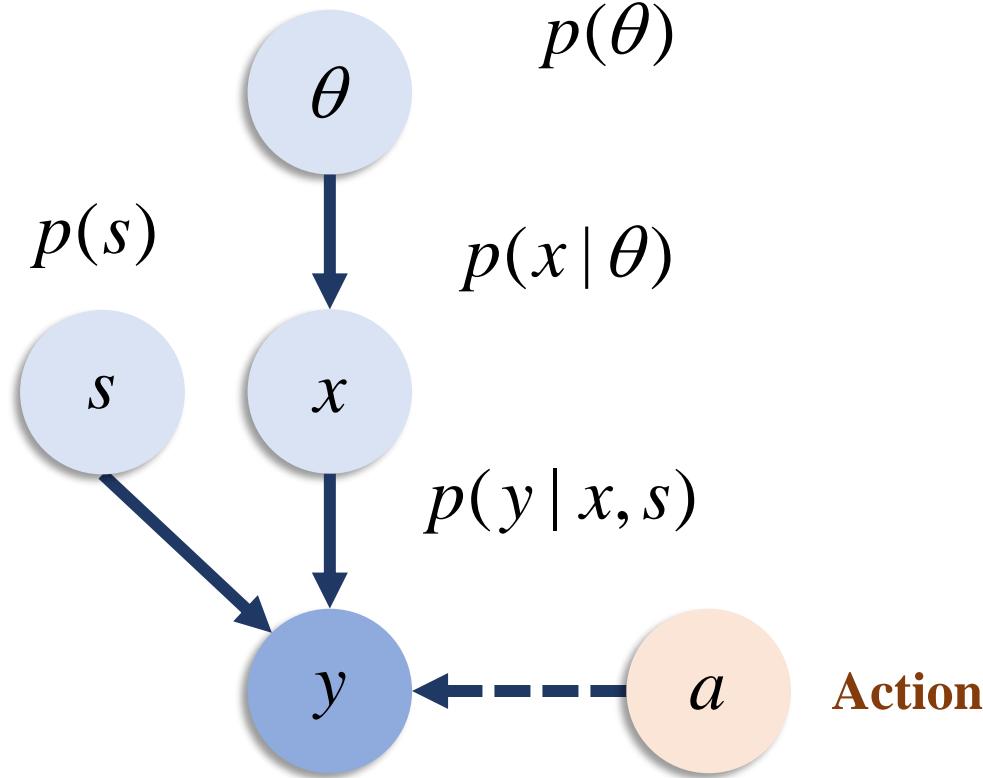
Self-evidencing



$$p(y) = \sum_s \iint p(y, x, s, \theta) dx d\theta \quad \text{Evidence}$$

$$p(y, x, s, \theta) = p(y | x, s) p(s) p(x | \theta) p(\theta) \quad \text{Model}$$

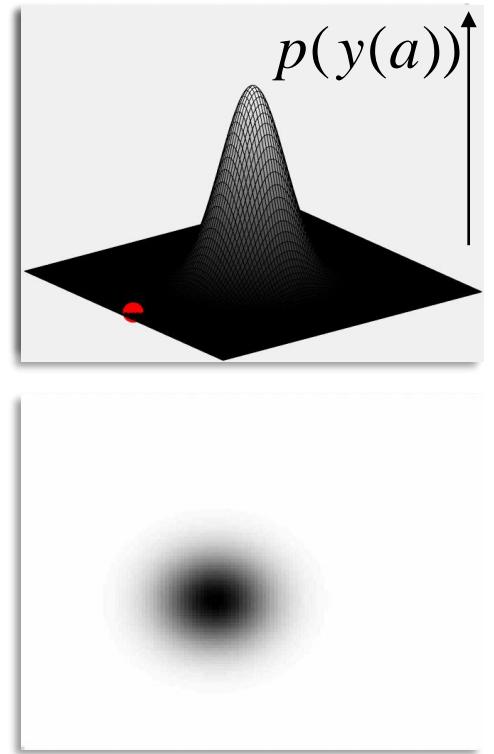
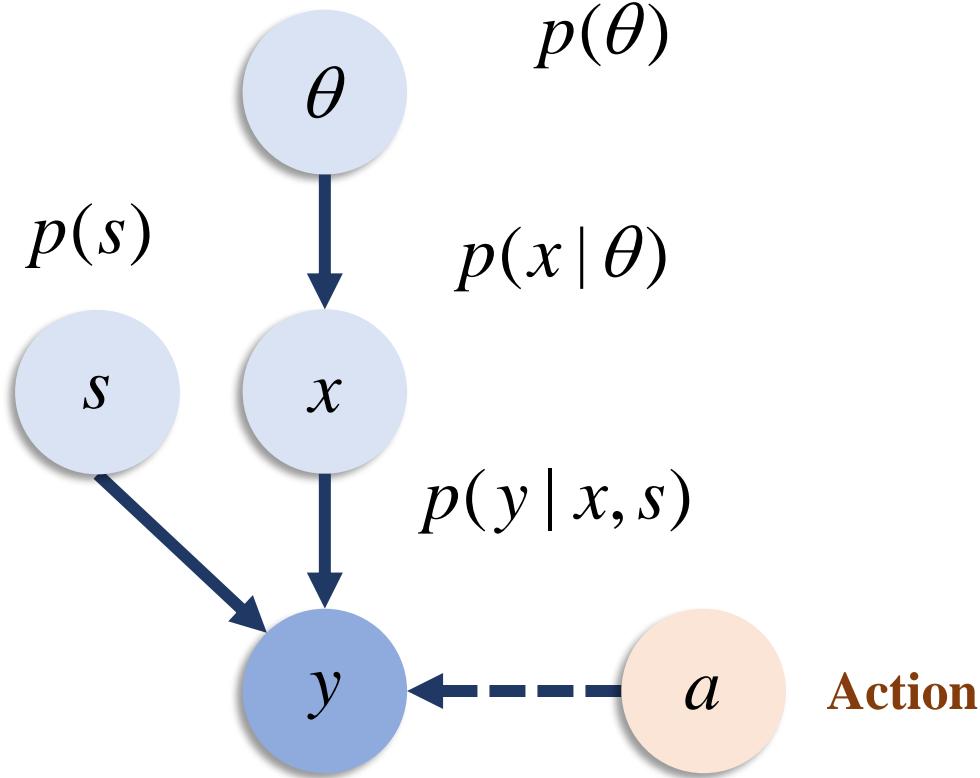
Self-evidencing



$$p(y(a)) = \sum_s \iint p(y(a), x, s, \theta) dx d\theta \quad \text{Evidence}$$

$$p(y(a), x, s, \theta) = p(y(a) | x, s) p(s) p(x | \theta) p(\theta) \quad \text{Model}$$

Self-evidencing



$$p(y(a)) = \sum_s \iint p(y(a), x, s, \theta) dx d\theta \quad \text{Evidence}$$

$$p(y(a), x, s, \theta) = p(y(a) | x, s) p(s) p(x | \theta) p(\theta) \quad \text{Model}$$

Free energy

$$\begin{aligned} F(y(a)) &= \underbrace{\mathbb{E}_q [\ln q(x, s, \theta) - \ln p(x, s, \theta | y)]}_{=D_{KL}[q(x, s, \theta) || p(x, s, \theta | y)]} - \ln p(y(a)) \\ &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

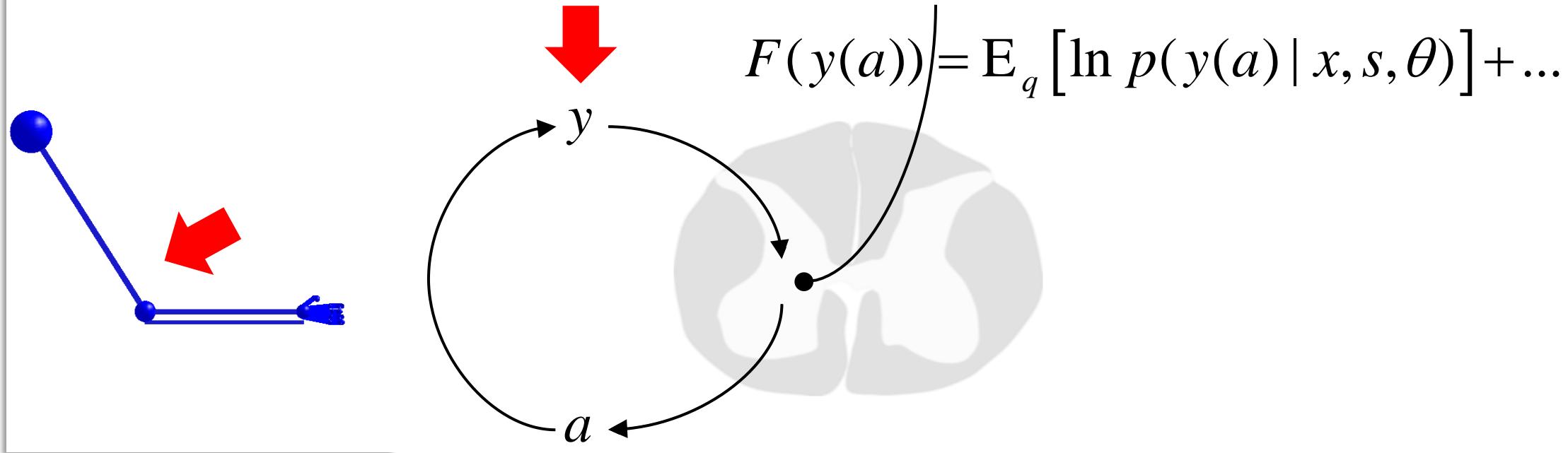
Variational inference

$$\begin{aligned} q(x, s, \theta) &= \arg \min_q F(y(a)) \approx p(x, s, \theta | y) \\ \Rightarrow F(y(a)) &\approx -\ln p(y(a)) \end{aligned}$$

Active inference

$$\begin{aligned} q(x, s, \theta) &= \arg \min_q F(y(a)) \approx p(x, s, \theta | y) \\ a &= \arg \min_a F(y(a)) \approx \arg \max_a p(y(a)) \end{aligned}$$

Reflexes



Active inference

$$q(x, s, \theta) = \arg \min_q F(y(a)) \approx p(x, s, \theta | y)$$

$$a = \arg \min_a F(y(a)) \approx \arg \max_a p(y(a))$$



Active Inference

Self-evidencing

Message passing

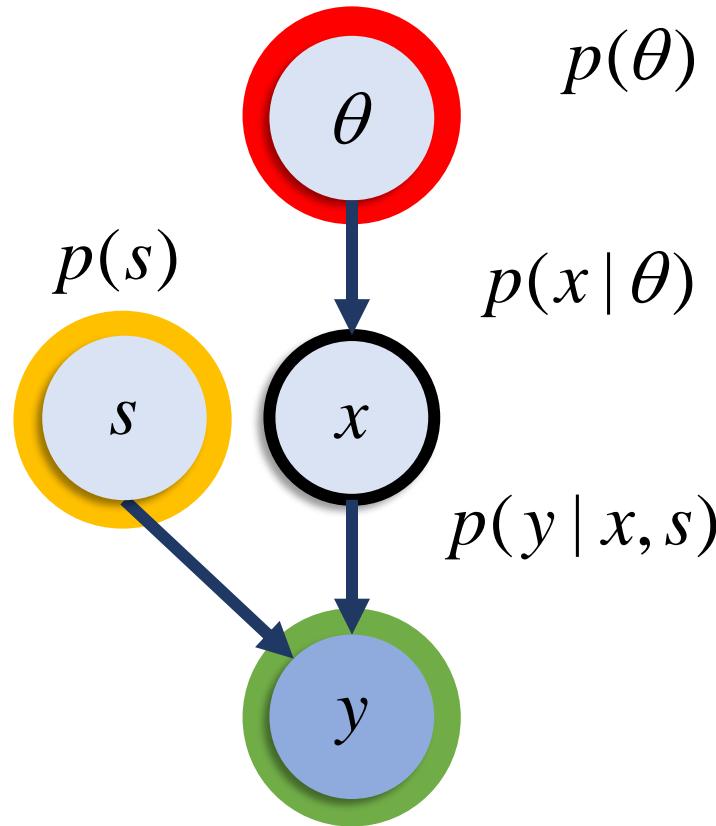
Discrete time (planning)

Sequential time (movement)

Hierarchical models

Summary

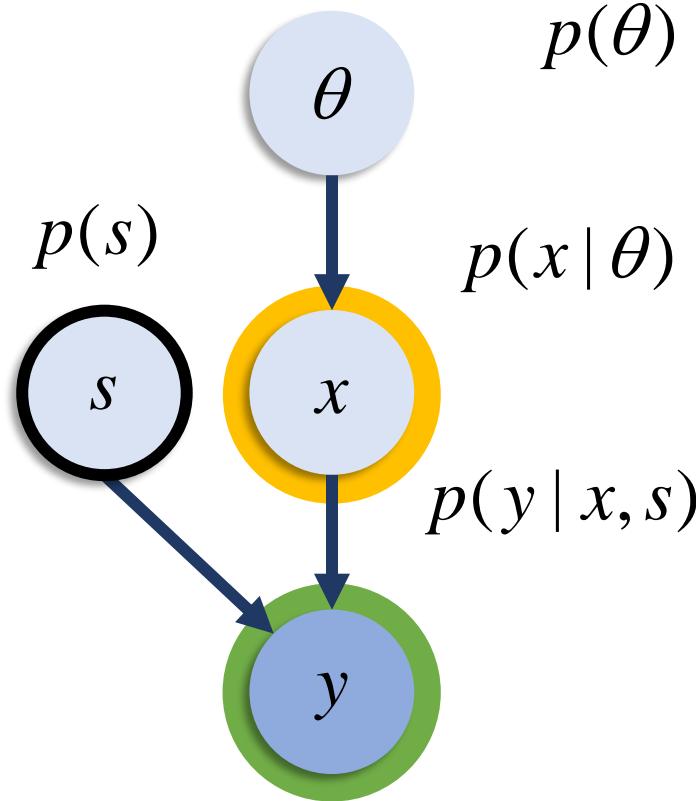
Markov blankets



Parents
Children
Co-parents

$$p(\mu, \eta | b) = p(\mu | b) p(\eta | b) \Leftrightarrow \mu \perp \eta | b$$

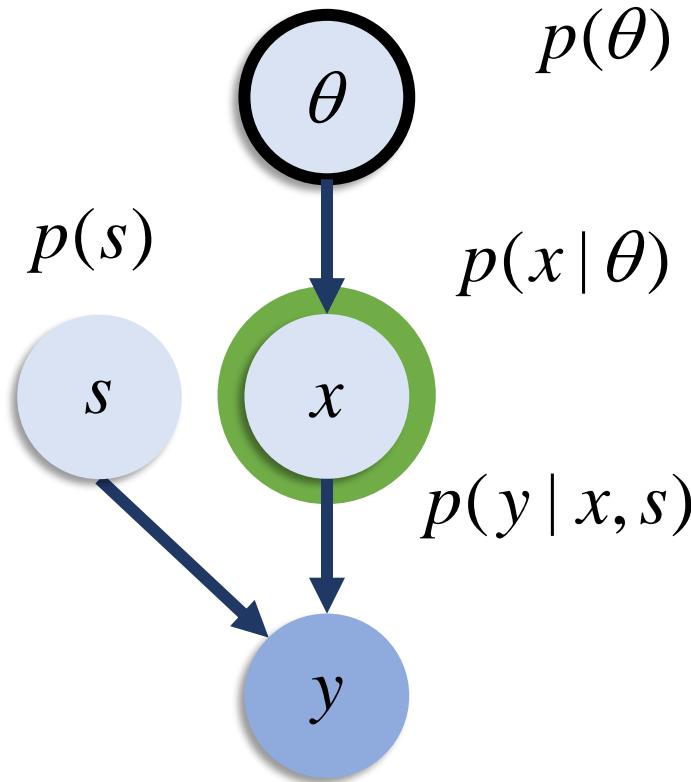
Markov blankets



Parents
Children
Co-parents

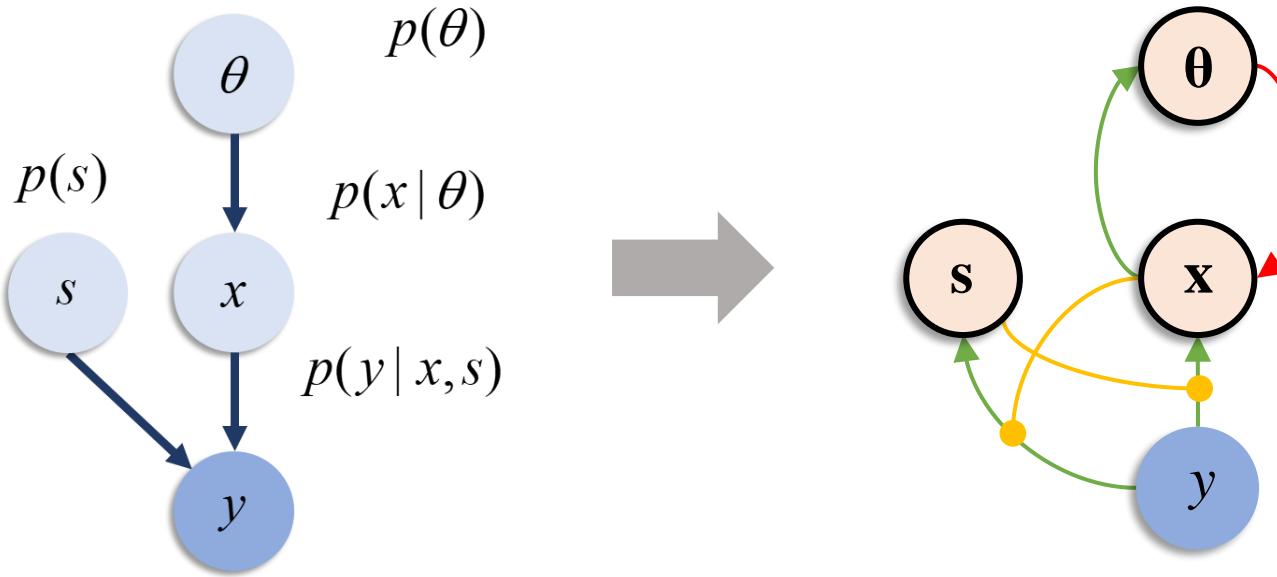
$$p(\mu, \eta | b) = p(\mu | b) p(\eta | b) \Leftrightarrow \mu \perp \eta | b$$

Markov blankets



Parents
Children
Co-parents

$$p(\mu, \eta | b) = p(\mu | b) p(\eta | b) \Leftrightarrow \mu \perp \eta | b$$



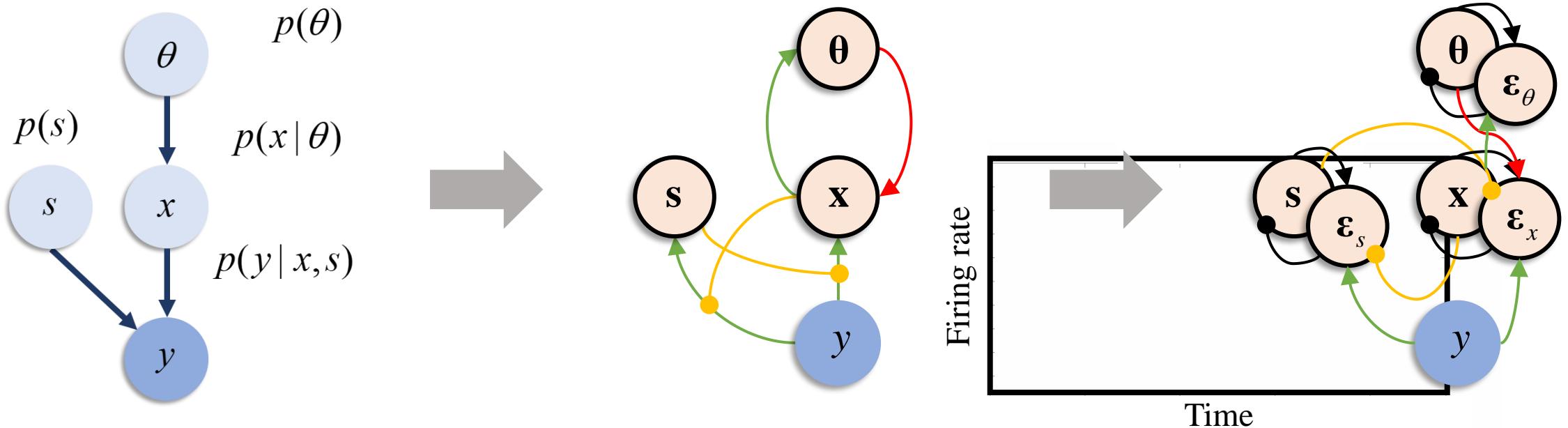
Parents
Children
Co-parents

Variational inference

$$q(\theta) = \arg \min_{q(\theta)} \left\{ \dots E_{q(\theta)q(x)} [\ln p(x | \theta)] + E_{q(\theta)} [\ln p(\theta)] - E_{q(\theta)} [\ln q(\theta)] \right\}$$

$$q(x) = \arg \min_{q(x)} \left\{ \dots E_{q(\theta)q(x)} [\ln p(x | \theta)] + E_{q(x)q(s)} [\ln p(y | x, s)] - E_{q(x)} [\ln q(x)] \right\}$$

$$q(s) = \arg \min_{q(s)} \left\{ \dots E_{q(x)q(s)} [\ln p(y | x, s)] - E_{q(s)} [\ln q(s)] \right\}$$



$$\dot{\theta} = \epsilon_\theta$$

Dynamic (gradient descent) inference

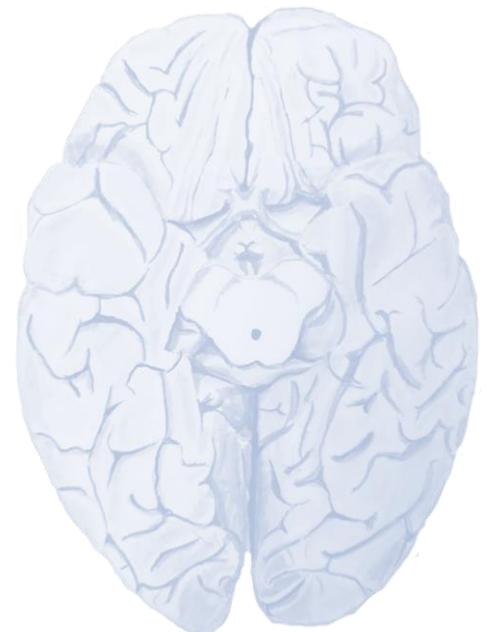
$$\epsilon_\theta = \nabla_{\phi(\theta)} E_{q_\theta(\theta)} [\ln q_\theta(\theta)] - \nabla_{\phi(\theta)} E_{q_\theta(\theta)q_x(x)} [\ln p(x|\theta)] - \nabla_{\phi(\theta)} E_{q_\theta(\theta)} [\ln p(\theta)]$$

$$\dot{x} = \epsilon_x$$

$$\epsilon_x = \nabla_{\phi(x)} E_{q_x(x)} [\ln q_x(x)] - \nabla_{\phi(x)} E_{q_\theta(\theta)q_x(x)} [\ln p(x|\theta)] - \nabla_{\phi(x)} E_{q_x(x)q_s(s)} [\ln p(y|x,s)]$$

$$\dot{s} = \epsilon_s$$

$$\epsilon_s = \nabla_{\phi(s)} E_{q_s(s)} [\ln q_s(s)] - \nabla_{\phi(s)} E_{q_x(x)q_s(s)} [\ln p(y|x,s)]$$



Active Inference

Self-evidencing

Message passing

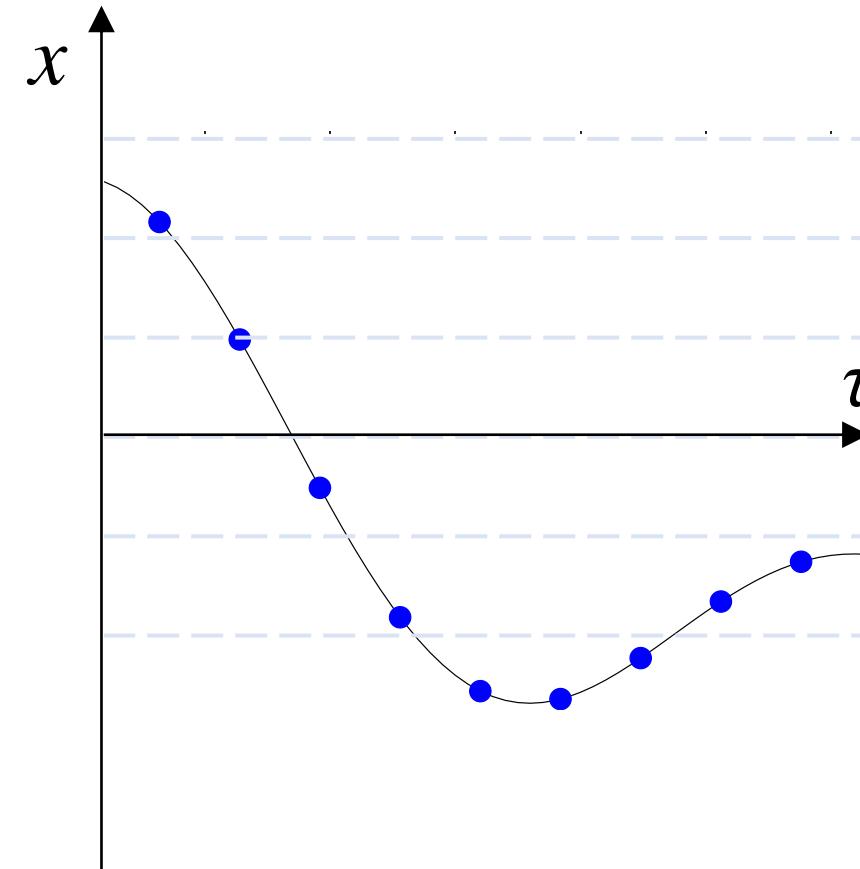
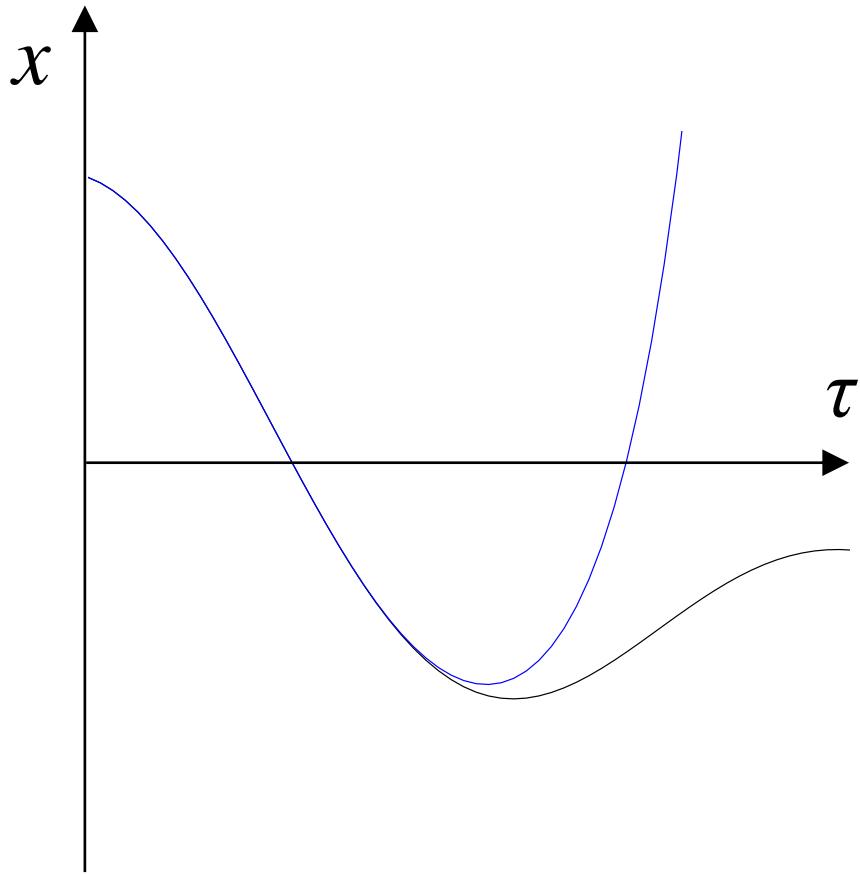
Discrete time (planning)

Continuous time (movement)

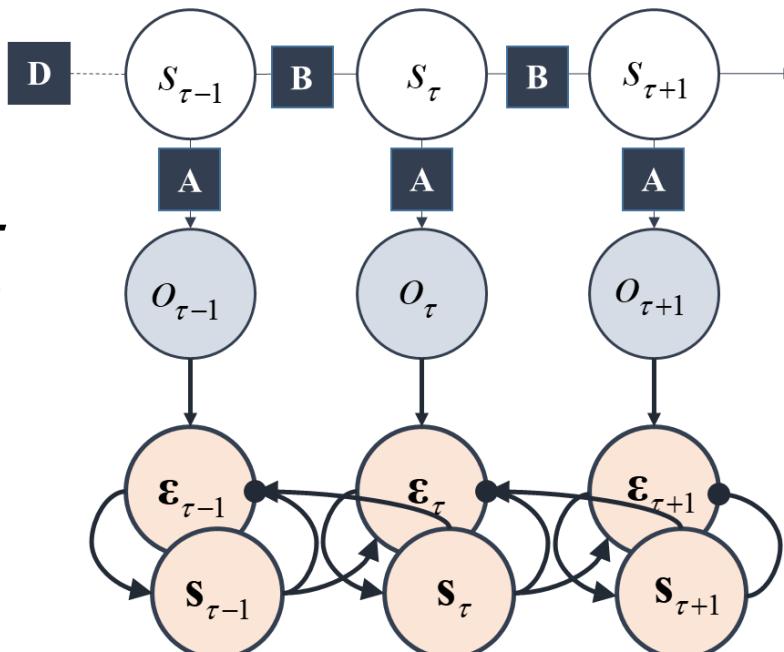
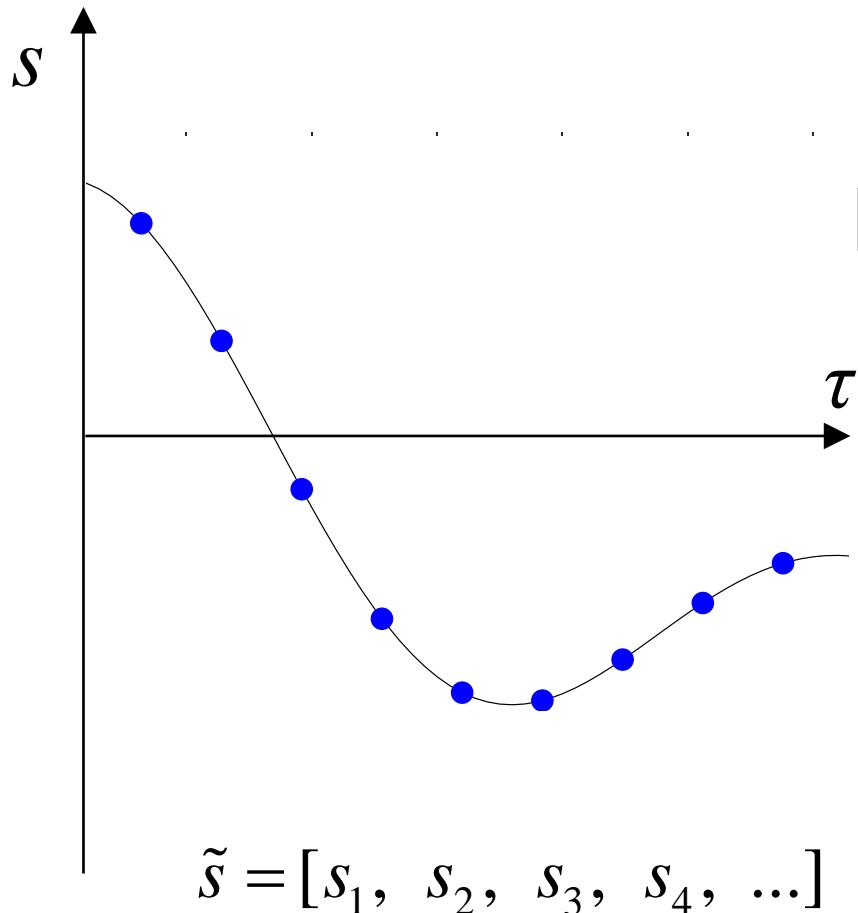
Hierarchical models

Summary

Representing dynamics in generative models



Discrete time models



Generative model

$$P(\tilde{o}, \tilde{s}) = P(s_1) \prod_{\tau} P(s_{\tau+1} | s_{\tau}) P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{A})$$

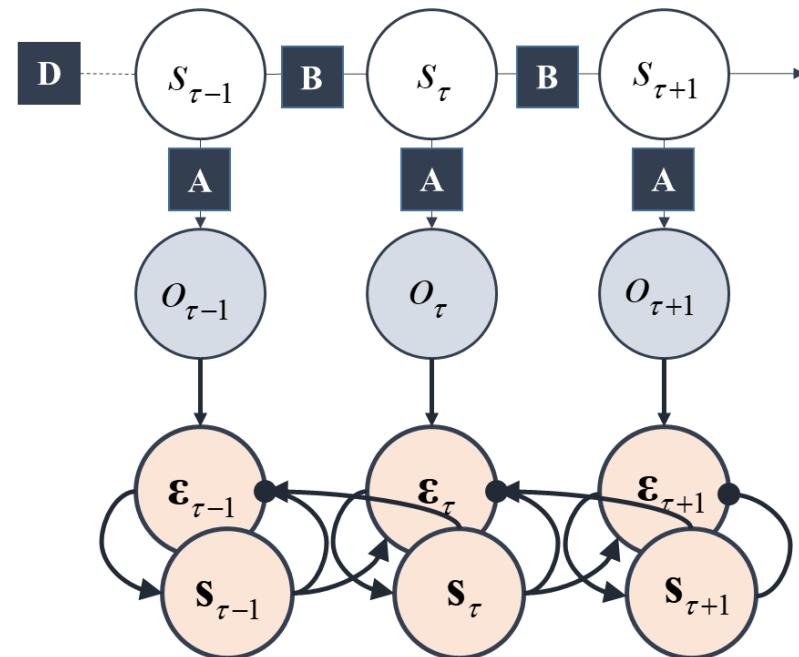
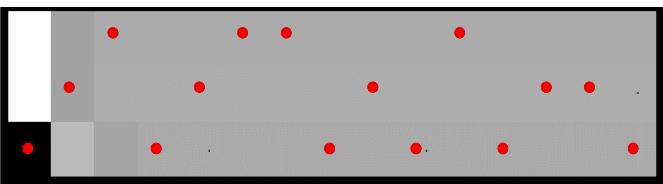
$$P(s_{\tau} | s_{\tau-1}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{B})$$

$$P(s_1) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{D})$$

Bayesian message passing

$$\mathbf{s}_{\tau} = \sigma(\mathbf{v}_{\tau}); \quad \dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\tau} = \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{\tau}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{\tau} = \ln \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{o}_{\tau} + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\tau} \mathbf{s}_{\tau}) + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\tau+1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{s}_{\tau+1}) - \ln \mathbf{s}_{\tau}$$



Generative model

$$P(\tilde{o}, \tilde{s}) = P(s_1) \prod_{\tau} P(s_{\tau+1} | s_{\tau}) P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{A})$$

$$P(s_{\tau} | s_{\tau-1}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{B})$$

$$P(s_1) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{D})$$

Bayesian message passing

$$\mathbf{s}_{\tau} = \sigma(\mathbf{v}_{\tau}); \quad \dot{\mathbf{v}}_{\tau} = \boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{\tau}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{\tau} = \ln \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{o}_{\tau} + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\tau} \mathbf{s}_{\tau}) + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\tau+1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{s}_{\tau+1}) - \ln \mathbf{s}_{\tau}$$

Free energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 F(o(a)) &= \underbrace{D_{KL}[q(s, \pi) \| p(s, \pi | o(a))] - \ln p(o(a))}_{\text{Divergence}} \\
 &= \underbrace{E_q[\ln q(s, \pi)] - E_q[\ln p(s, \pi, o(a))]}_{\text{Entropy} \quad \text{Energy}} \\
 &= \underbrace{D_{KL}[q(s, \pi) \| p(s, \pi)] - E_q[\ln p(o(a) | s, \pi)]}_{\text{Complexity} \quad \text{Accuracy}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Expected free energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 G(\pi) &= -\underbrace{E_{\tilde{q}}[D_{KL}[q(s | o, \pi) \| q(s | \pi)]]}_{\text{Information gain}} - \underbrace{E_{\tilde{q}}[\ln p(o | C)]}_{\text{Preferences}} \\
 &\geq \underbrace{E_q[\ln q(s | \pi)] - E_{\tilde{q}}[\ln p(s, o | C)]}_{\text{Entropy} \quad \text{Expected energy}} \\
 &= \underbrace{D_{KL}[q(s | \pi) \| p(s | C)]}_{\text{Risk}} - \underbrace{E_q[\ln p(o | s)]}_{\text{Ambiguity}}
 \end{aligned}$$

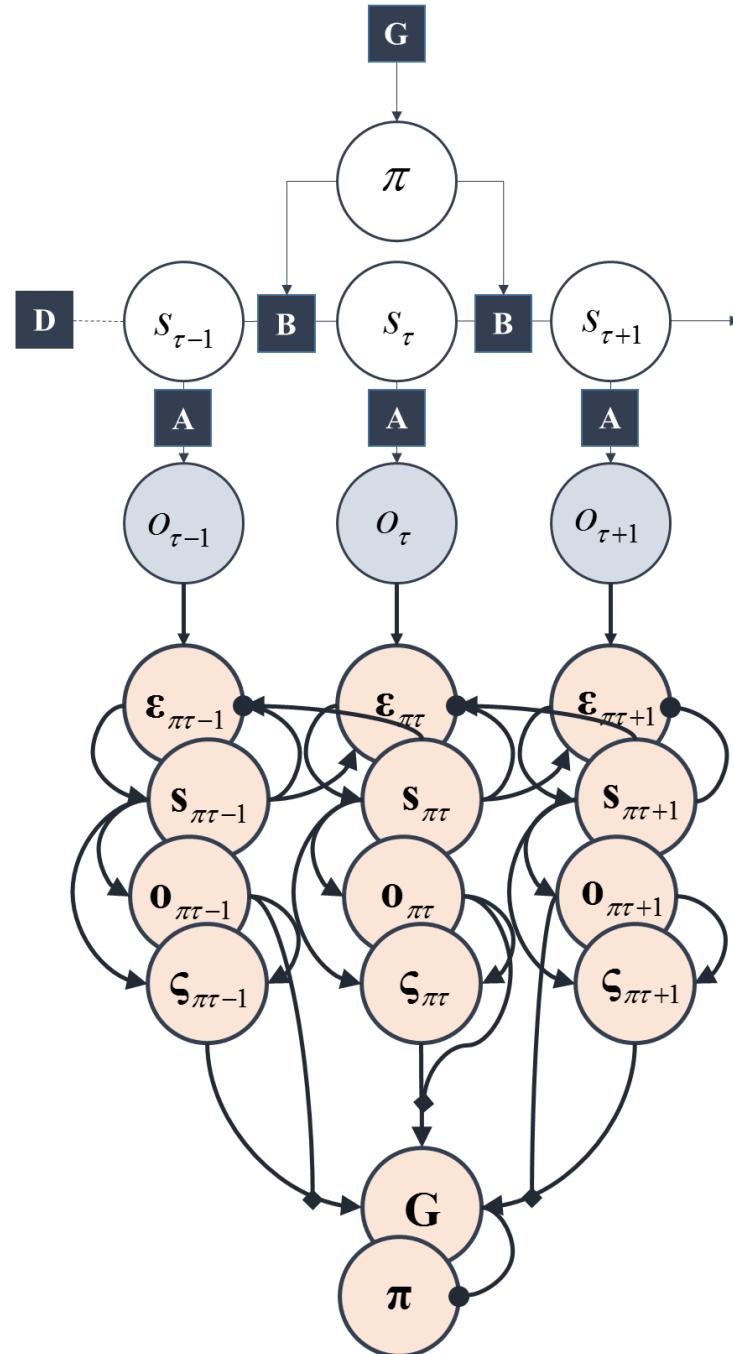
Active inference

$$q(s, \pi) = \arg \min_q F(o(a)) \approx p(s, \pi | o(a))$$

$$a = \arg \min_a F(o(a)) \approx \arg \max_a p(o(a))$$

$$\ln p(\pi) \propto -G(\pi)$$

+



Generative model

$$P(\tilde{o}, \tilde{s}, \pi) = P(s_1)P(\pi)\prod_{\tau} P(s_{\tau+1} | s_{\tau}, \pi)P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{A})$$

$$P(s_{\tau} | s_{\tau-1}, \pi) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{C})$$

$$P(s_1) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{D})$$

$$P(\pi) = \sigma(-\mathbf{G})$$

Bayesian message passing

$$\mathbf{s}_{\tau} = \pi \cdot \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau} = \sigma(\mathbf{v}_{\pi\tau}); \quad \hat{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi\tau} = \mathbf{\epsilon}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{\epsilon}_{\pi\tau} = \ln \mathbf{A} \cdot o_{\tau} + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}) + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau+1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau+1}) - \ln \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

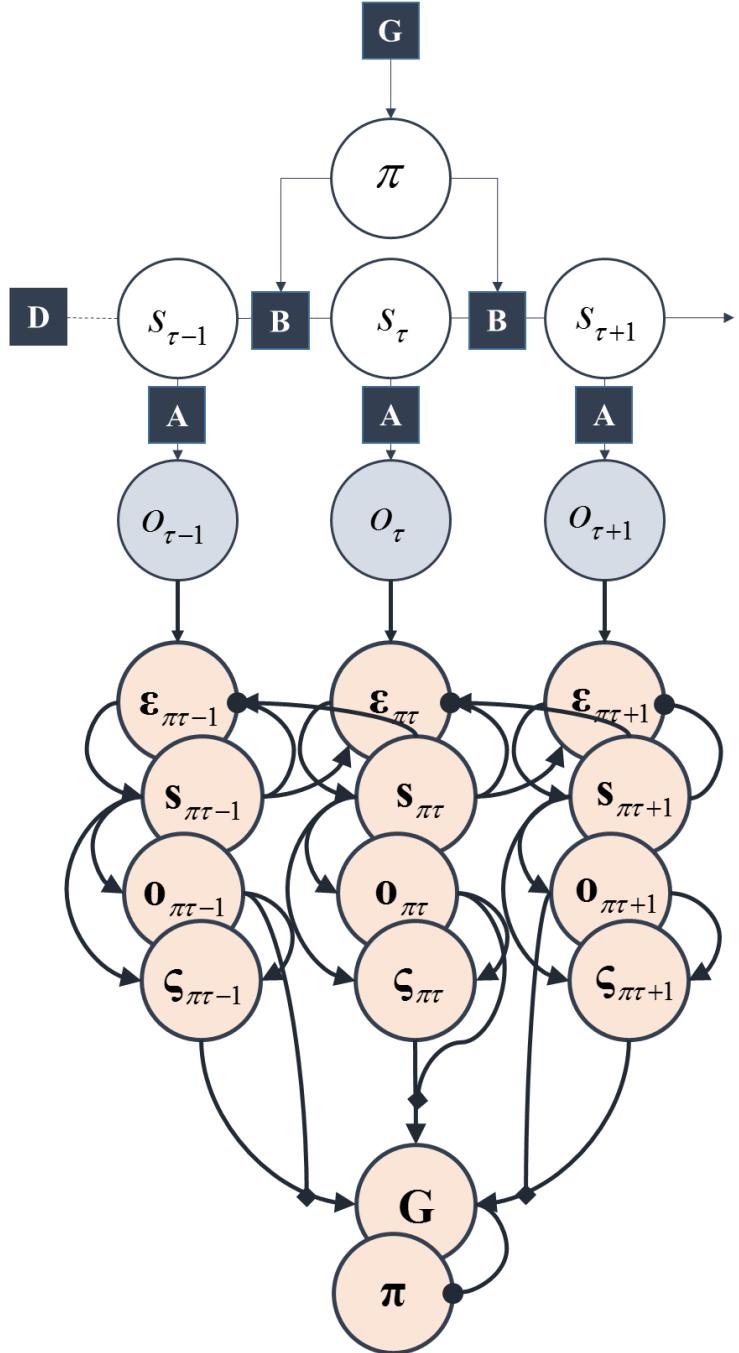
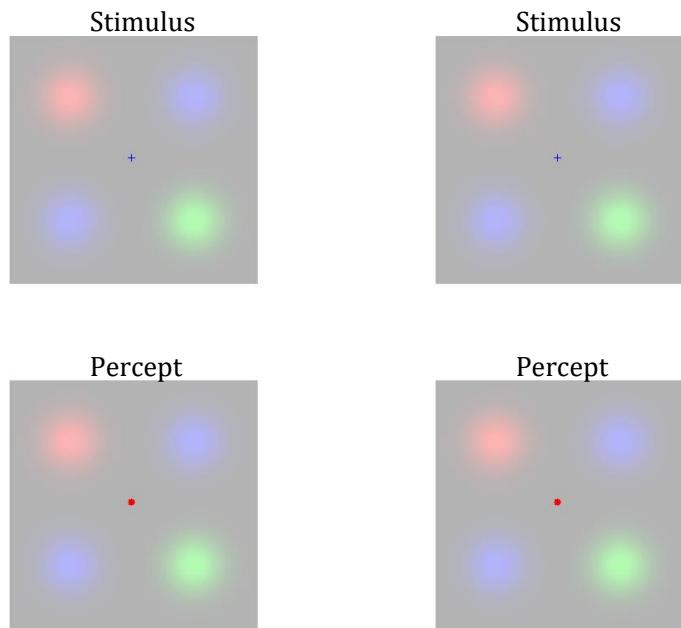
$$\mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\zeta_{\pi\tau} = \ln \mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} - \ln \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{H} \cdot \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = -\text{diag}(\mathbf{A} \cdot \ln \mathbf{A})$$

$$\mathbf{G}_{\pi} = \mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} \cdot \zeta_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\pi = \sigma(-\mathbf{G})$$



Generative model

$$P(\tilde{o}, \tilde{s}, \pi) = P(s_1)P(\pi)\prod_{\tau} P(s_{\tau+1} | s_{\tau}, \pi)P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau} | s_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{A})$$

$$P(s_{\tau} | s_{\tau-1}, \pi) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau})$$

$$P(o_{\tau}) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{C})$$

$$P(s_1) = \text{Cat}(\mathbf{D})$$

$$P(\pi) = \sigma(-\mathbf{G})$$

Bayesian message passing

$$\mathbf{s}_{\tau} = \pi \cdot \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau} = \sigma(\mathbf{v}_{\pi\tau}); \quad \hat{\mathbf{v}}_{\pi\tau} = \mathbf{e}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{e}_{\pi\tau} = \ln \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{o}_{\tau} + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}) + \frac{1}{2} \ln (\mathbf{B}_{\pi\tau+1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau+1}) - \ln \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\zeta_{\pi\tau} = \ln \mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} - \ln \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{H} \cdot \mathbf{s}_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = -\text{diag}(\mathbf{A} \cdot \ln \mathbf{A})$$

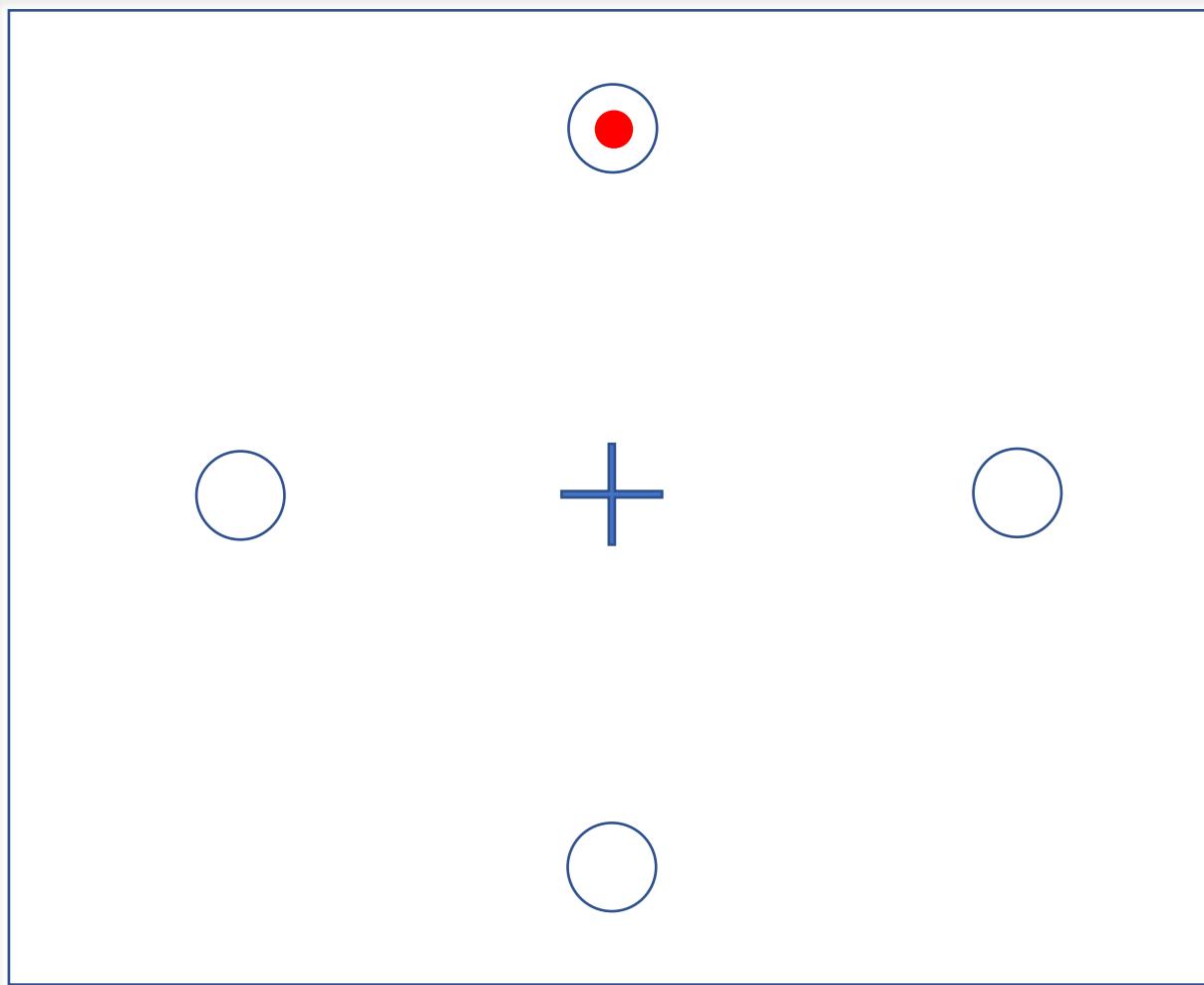
$$\mathbf{G}_{\pi} = \mathbf{o}_{\pi\tau} \cdot \zeta_{\pi\tau}$$

$$\pi = \sigma(-\mathbf{G})$$

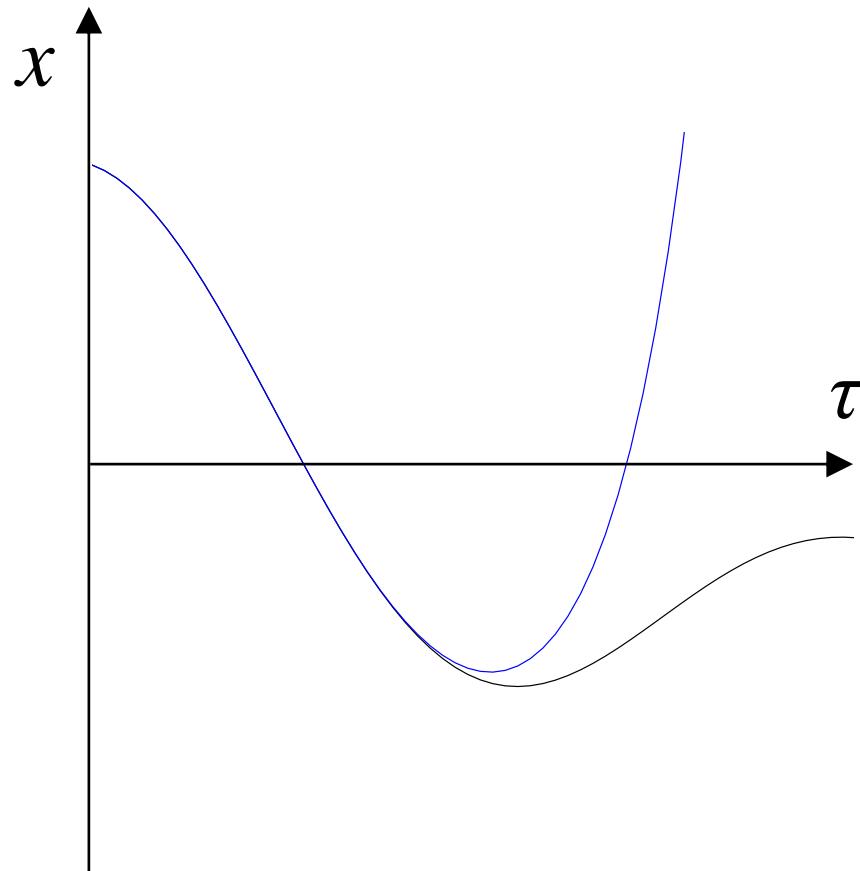


Active Inference

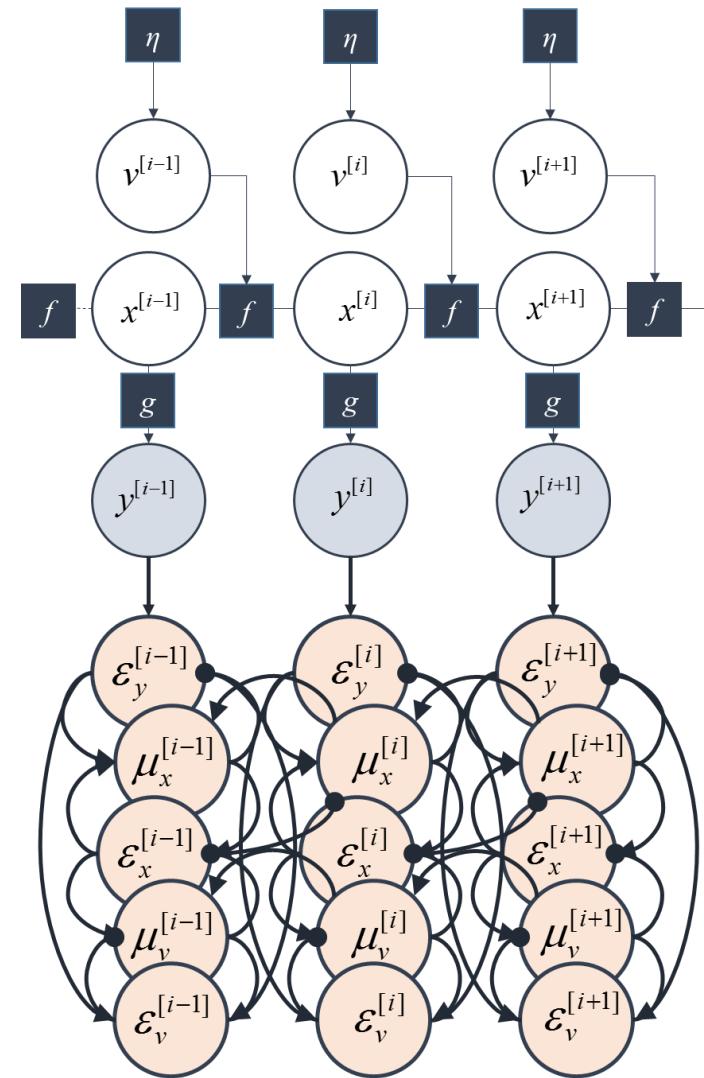
Self-evidencing
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Summary



Continuous time models



$$x(\tau) \approx x_0 + \tau x'_0 + \frac{1}{2} \tau^2 x''_0 + \frac{1}{6} \tau^3 x'''_0 + \dots$$



Generative model

$$p(\tilde{y}, \tilde{x}, \tilde{v}) = \prod_i p(v^{[i]}) p(x^{[i+1]} | x^{[i]}, v^{[i]}) p(y^{[i]} | x^{[i]}, v^{[i]})$$

$$p(y^{[i]} | x^{[i]}, v^{[i]}) = \mathcal{N}(g^{[i]}(x^{[i]}, v^{[i]}), \Pi_y^{[i]})$$

$$p(x^{[i+1]} | x^{[i]}, v^{[i]}) = \mathcal{N}(f^{[i]}(x^{[i]}, v^{[i]}), \Pi_x^{[i]})$$

$$p(v^{[i]}) = \mathcal{N}(\eta^{[i]}, \Pi_v^{[i]})$$

Bayesian message passing

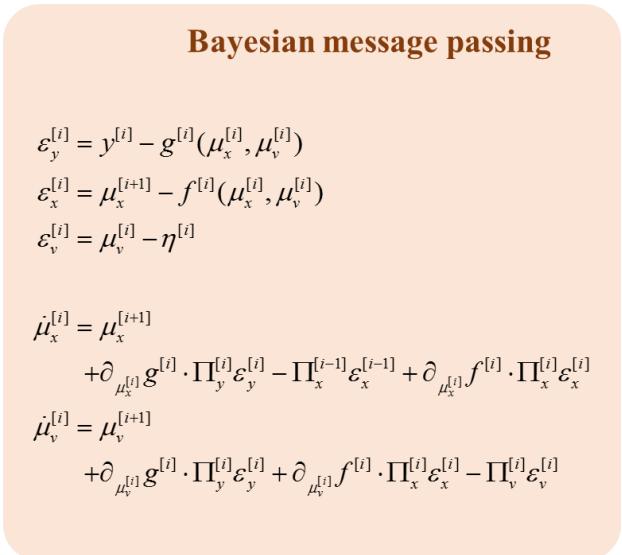
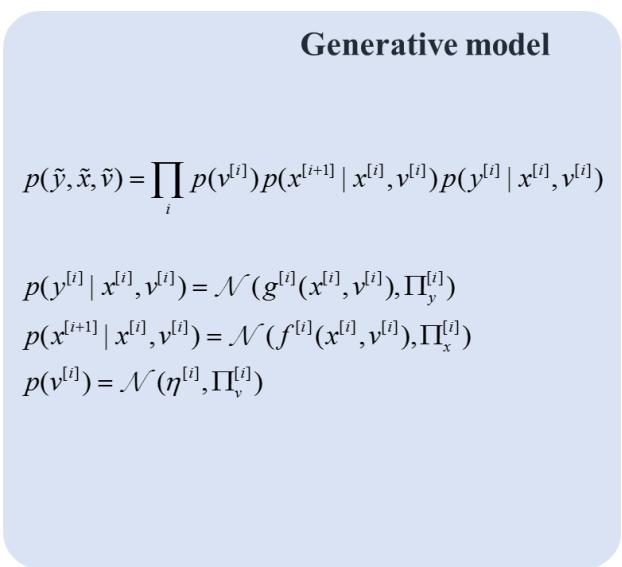
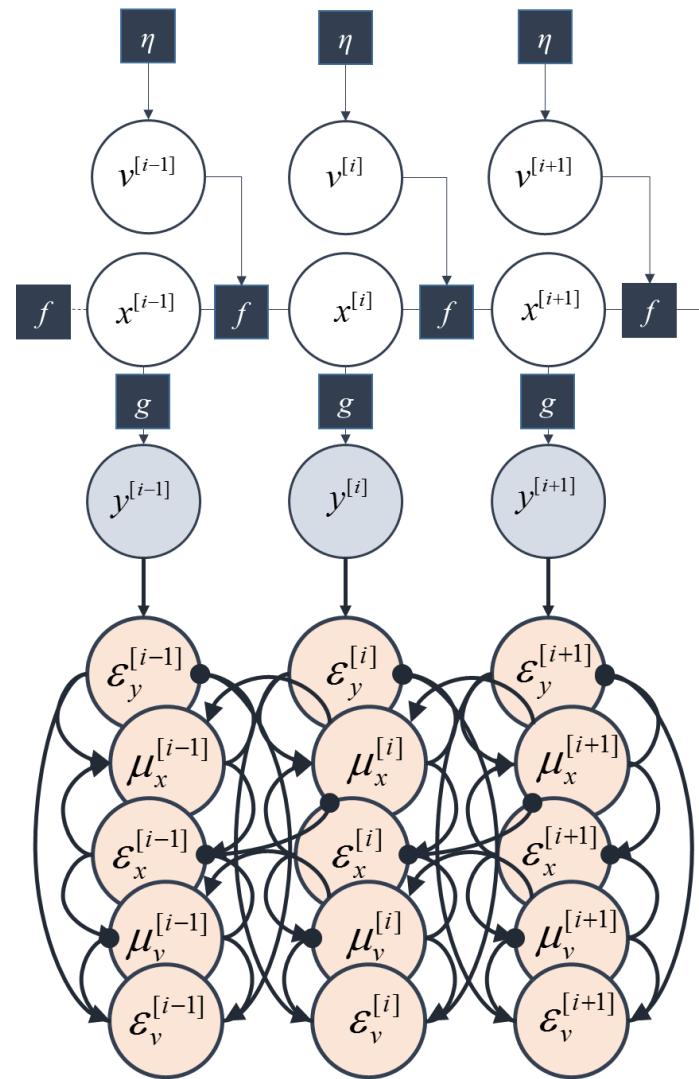
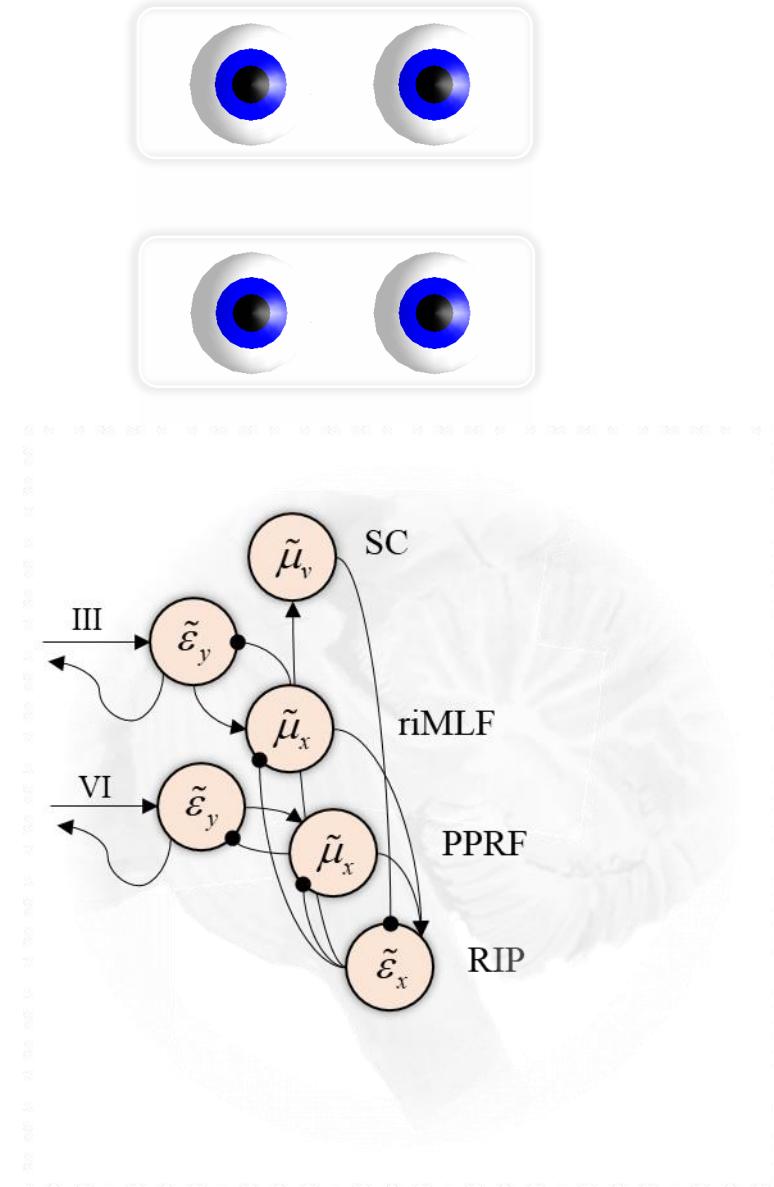
$$\epsilon_y^{[i]} = y^{[i]} - g^{[i]}(\mu_x^{[i]}, \mu_v^{[i]})$$

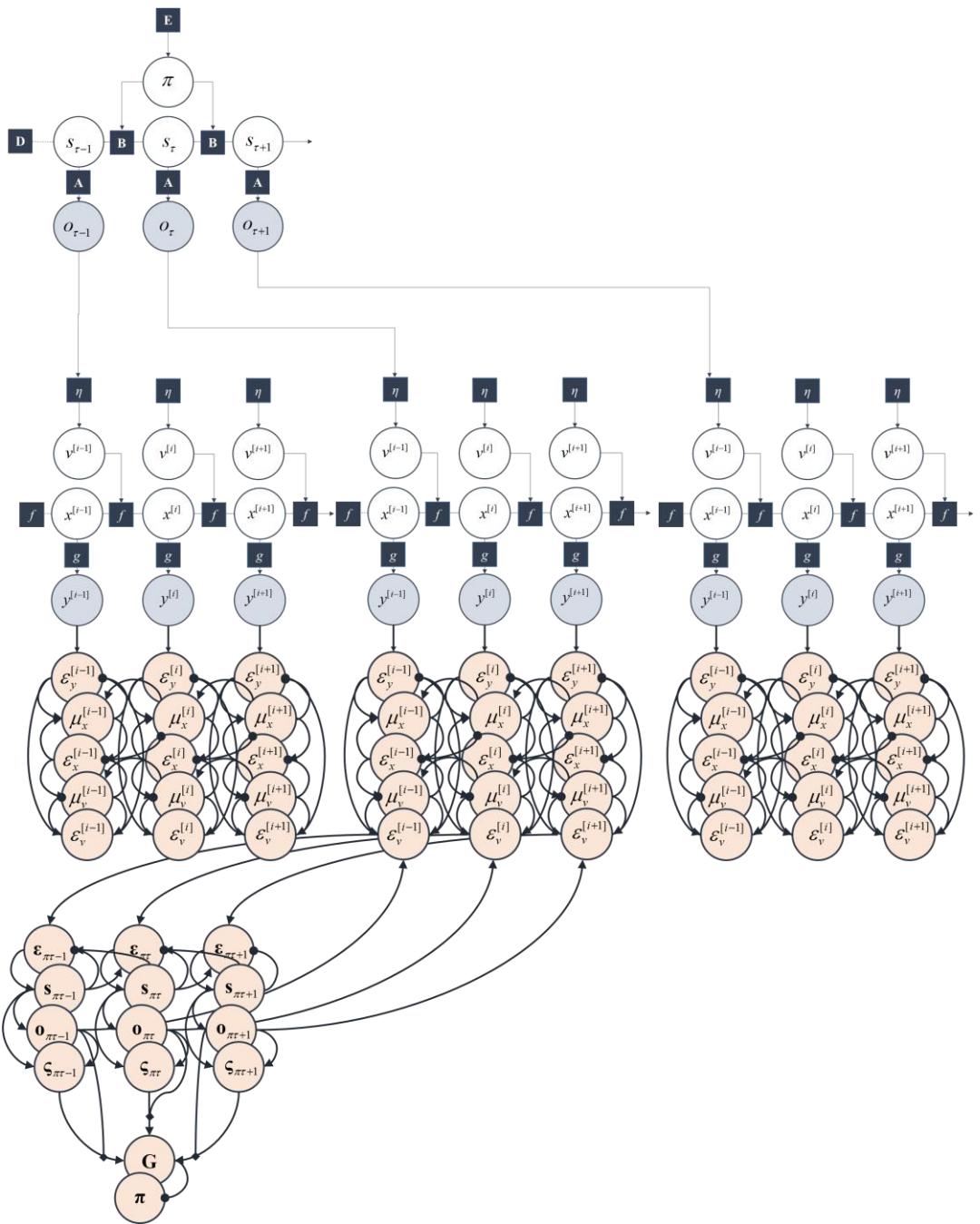
$$\epsilon_x^{[i]} = \mu_x^{[i+1]} - f^{[i]}(\mu_x^{[i]}, \mu_v^{[i]})$$

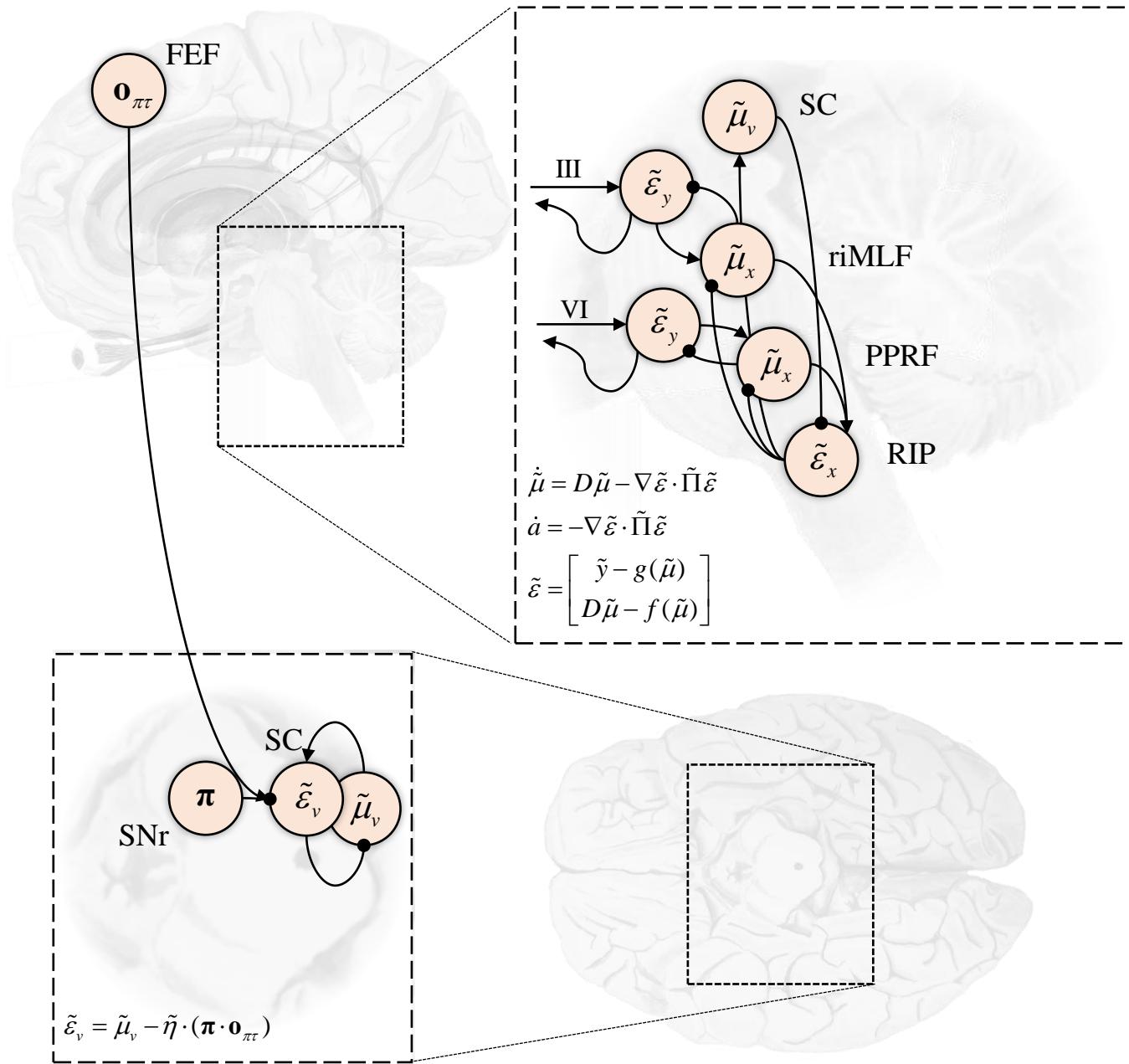
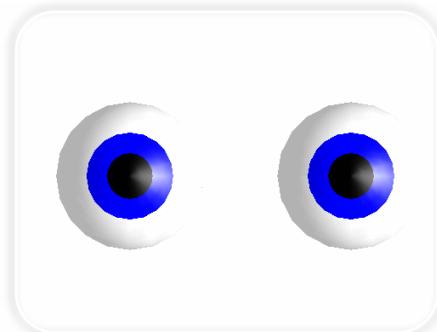
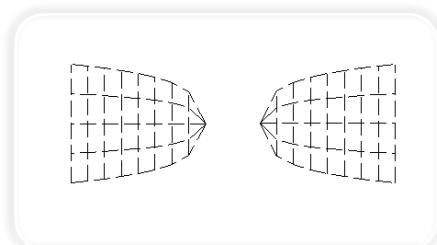
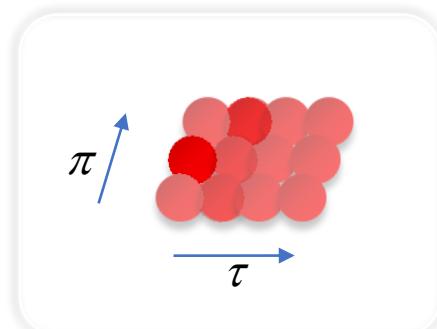
$$\epsilon_v^{[i]} = \mu_v^{[i]} - \eta^{[i]}$$

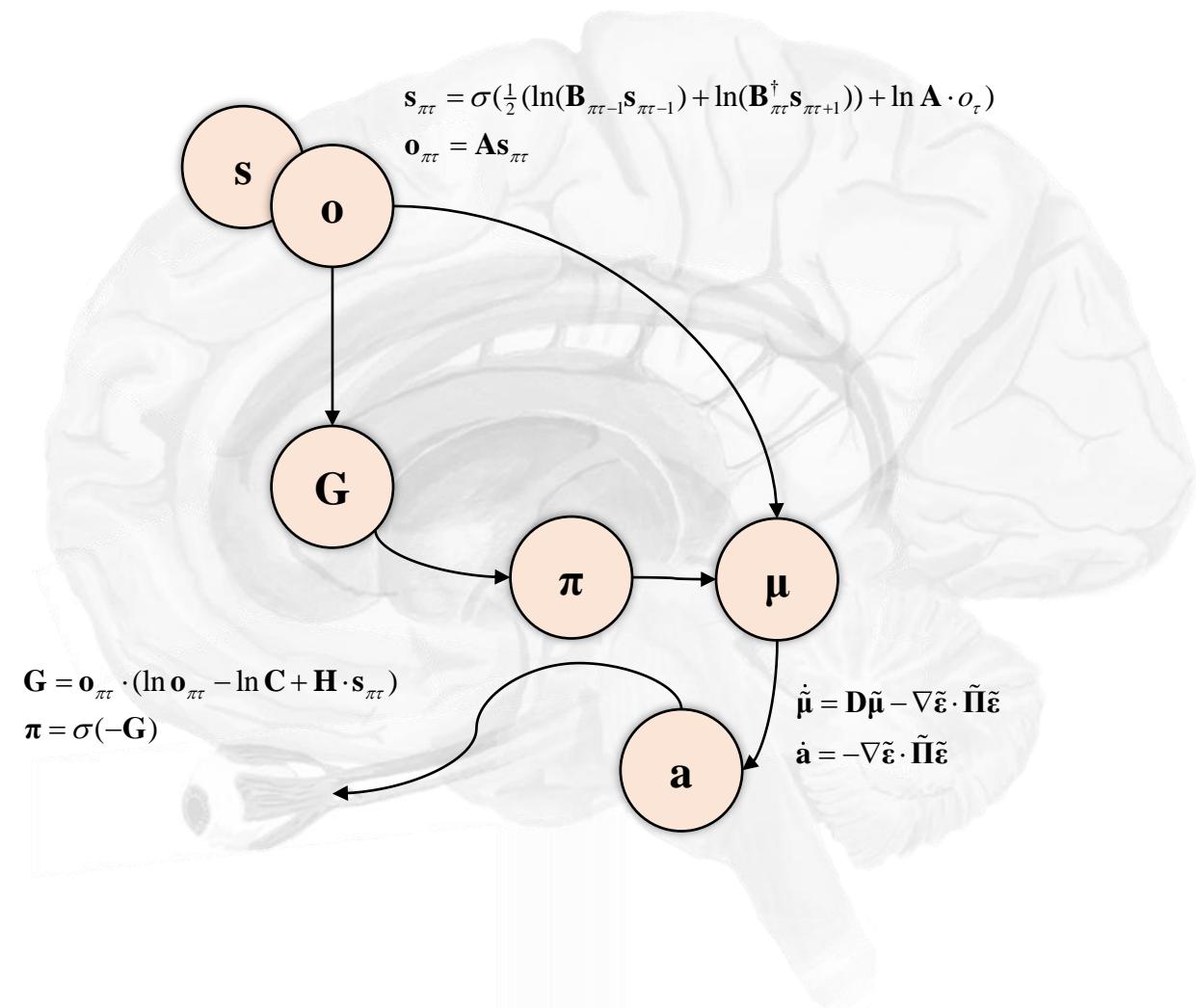
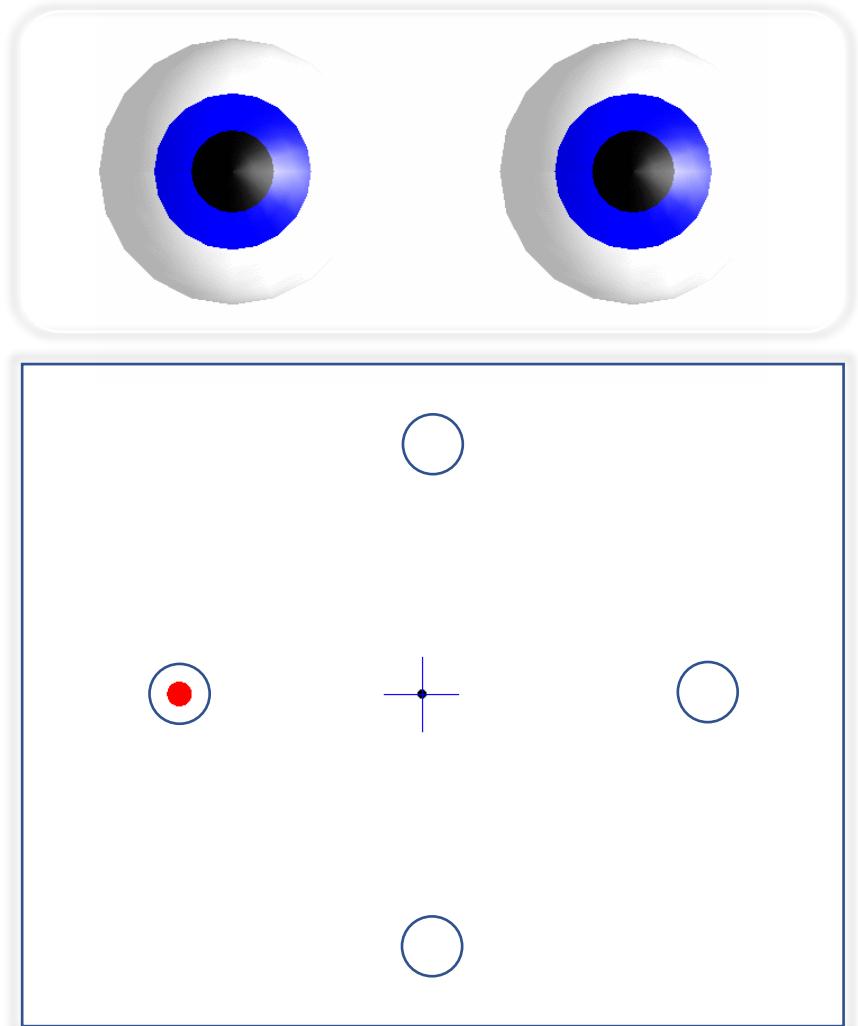
$$\begin{aligned} \mu_x^{[i]} &= \mu_x^{[i+1]} \\ &+ \partial_{\mu_x^{[i]}} g^{[i]} \cdot \Pi_y^{[i]} \epsilon_y^{[i]} - \Pi_x^{[i-1]} \epsilon_x^{[i-1]} + \partial_{\mu_x^{[i]}} f^{[i]} \cdot \Pi_x^{[i]} \epsilon_x^{[i]} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_v^{[i]} &= \mu_v^{[i+1]} \\ &+ \partial_{\mu_v^{[i]}} g^{[i]} \cdot \Pi_y^{[i]} \epsilon_y^{[i]} + \partial_{\mu_v^{[i]}} f^{[i]} \cdot \Pi_x^{[i]} \epsilon_x^{[i]} - \Pi_v^{[i]} \epsilon_v^{[i]} \end{aligned}$$





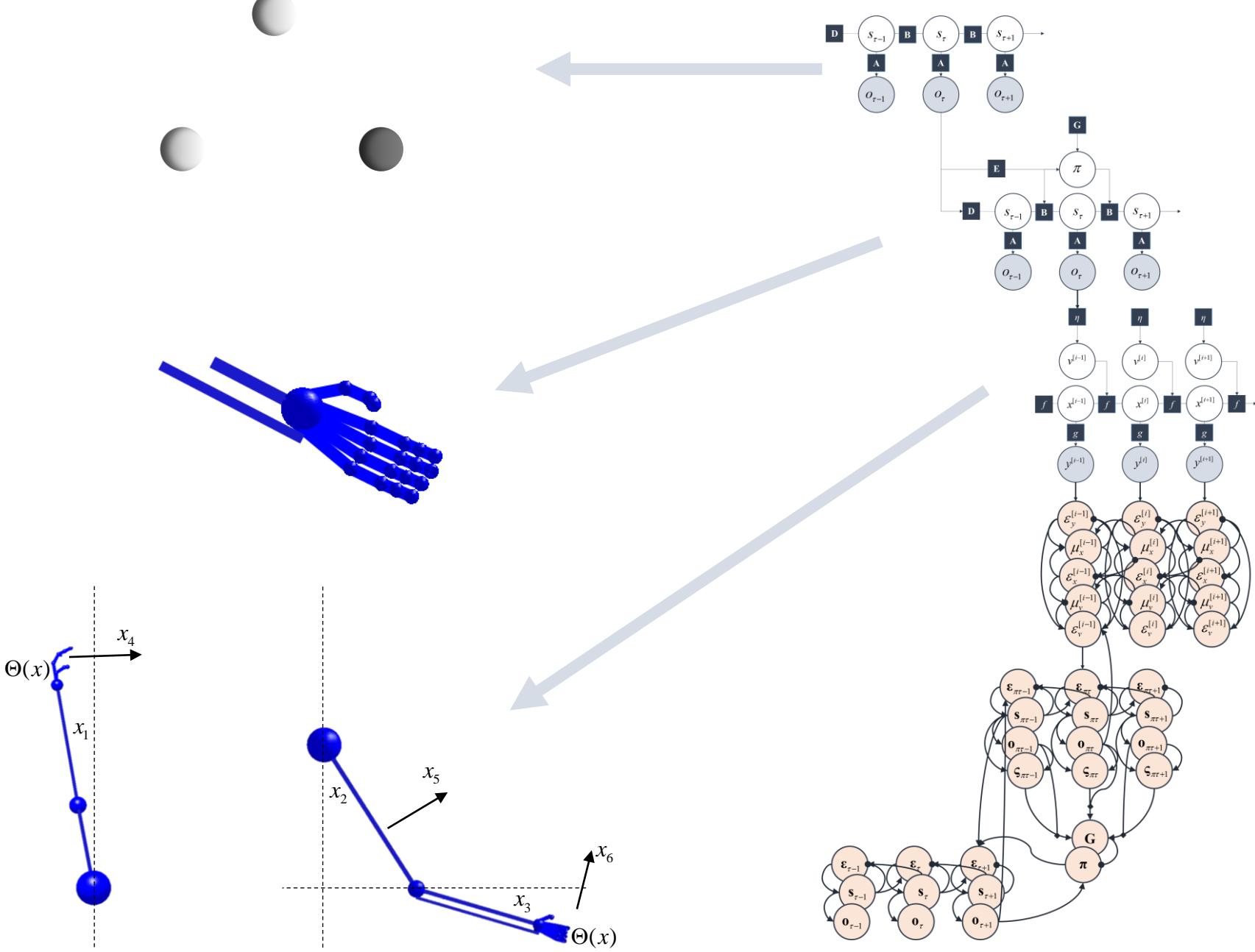


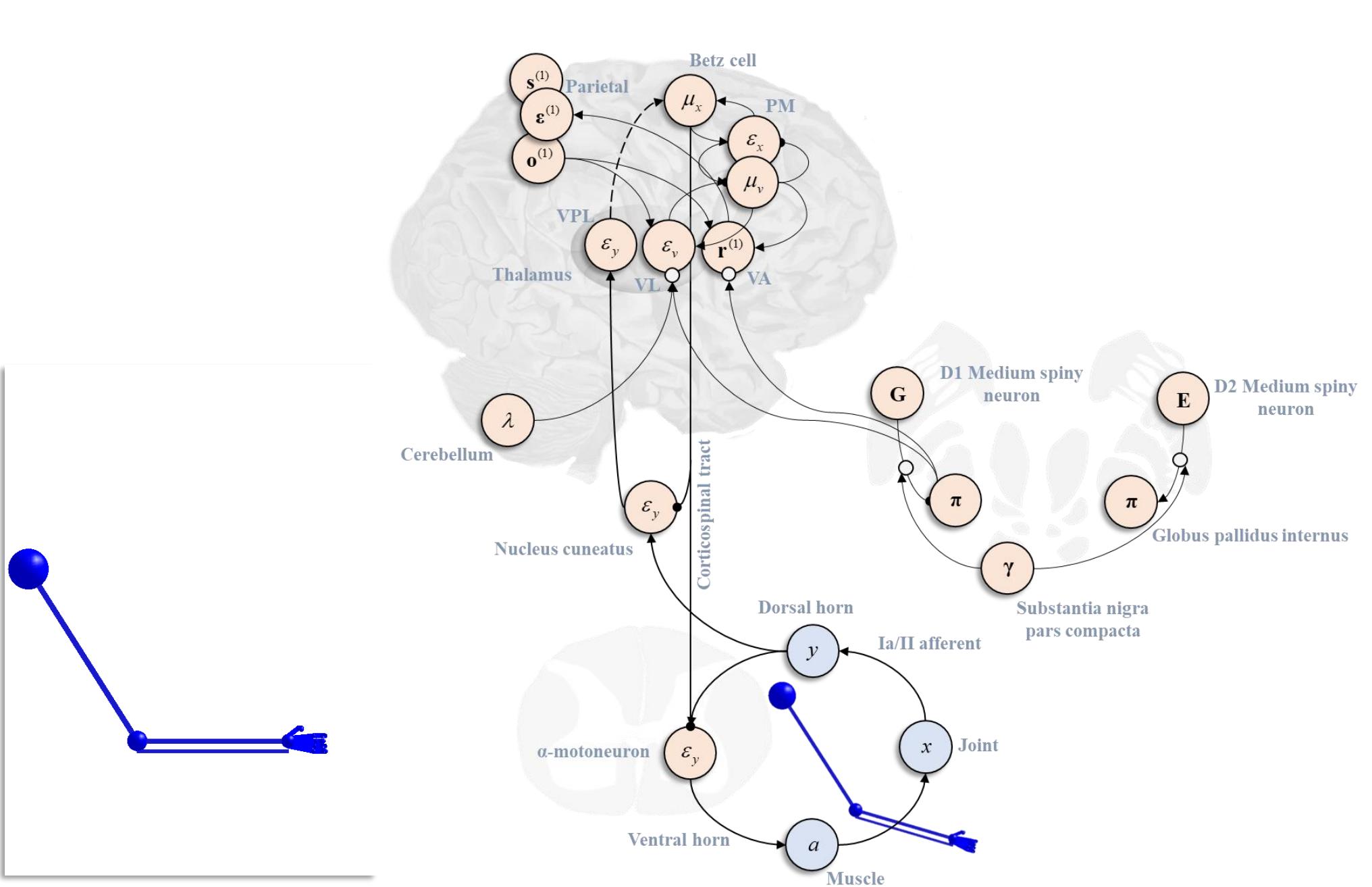


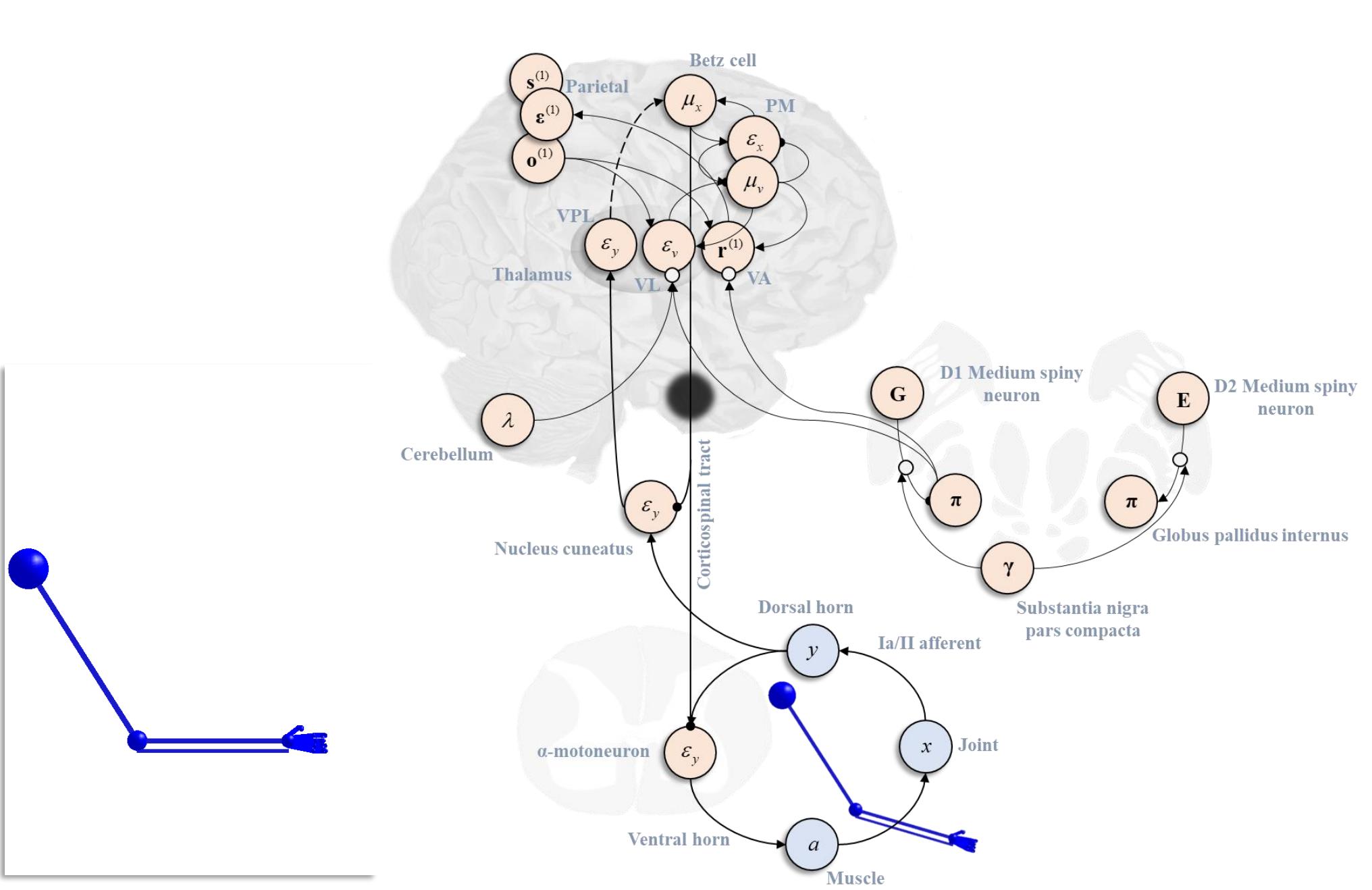


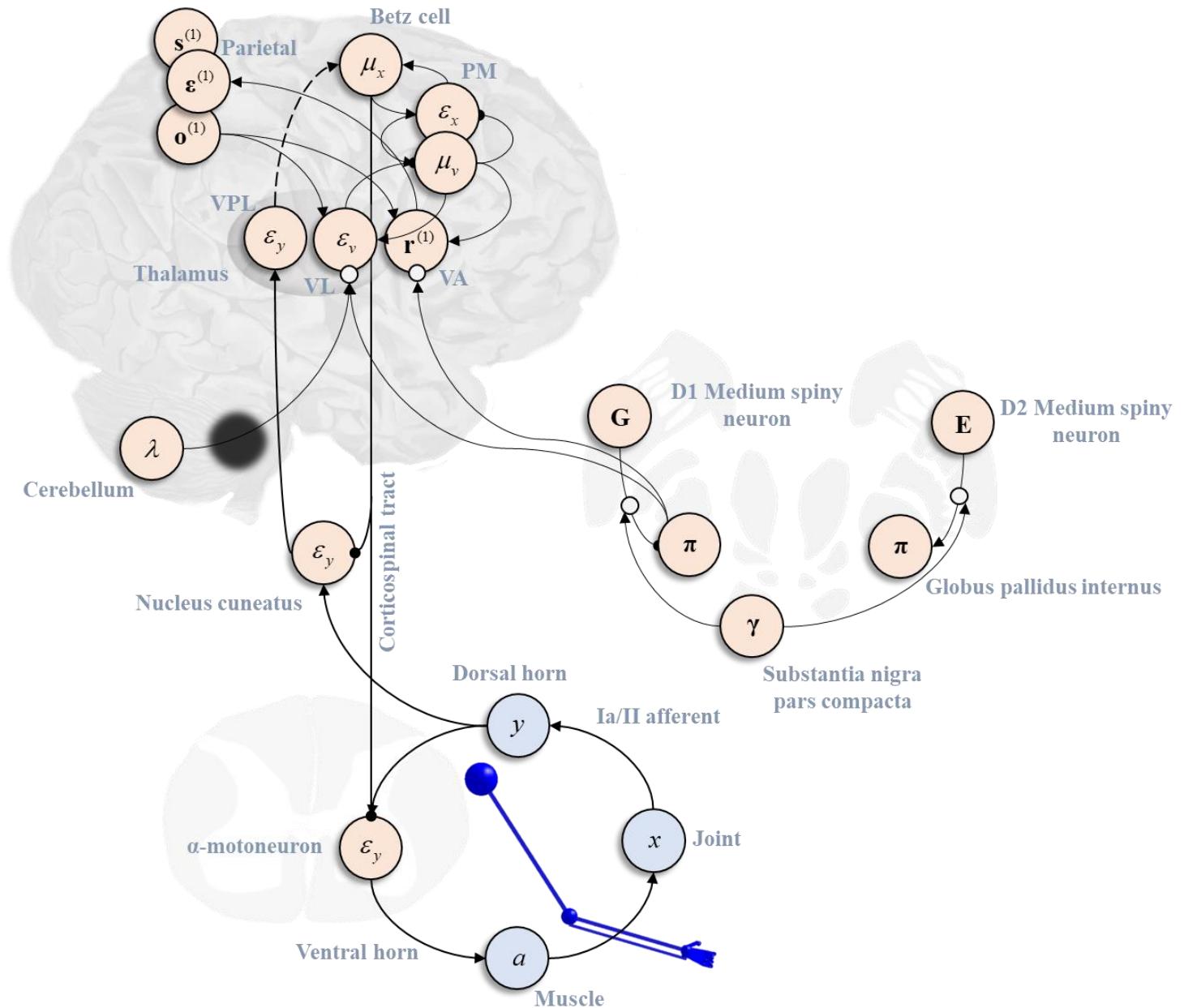
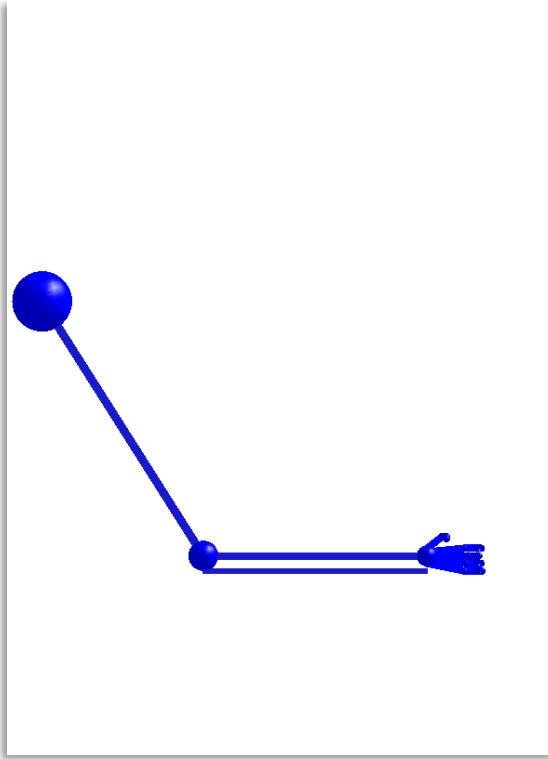
Active Inference

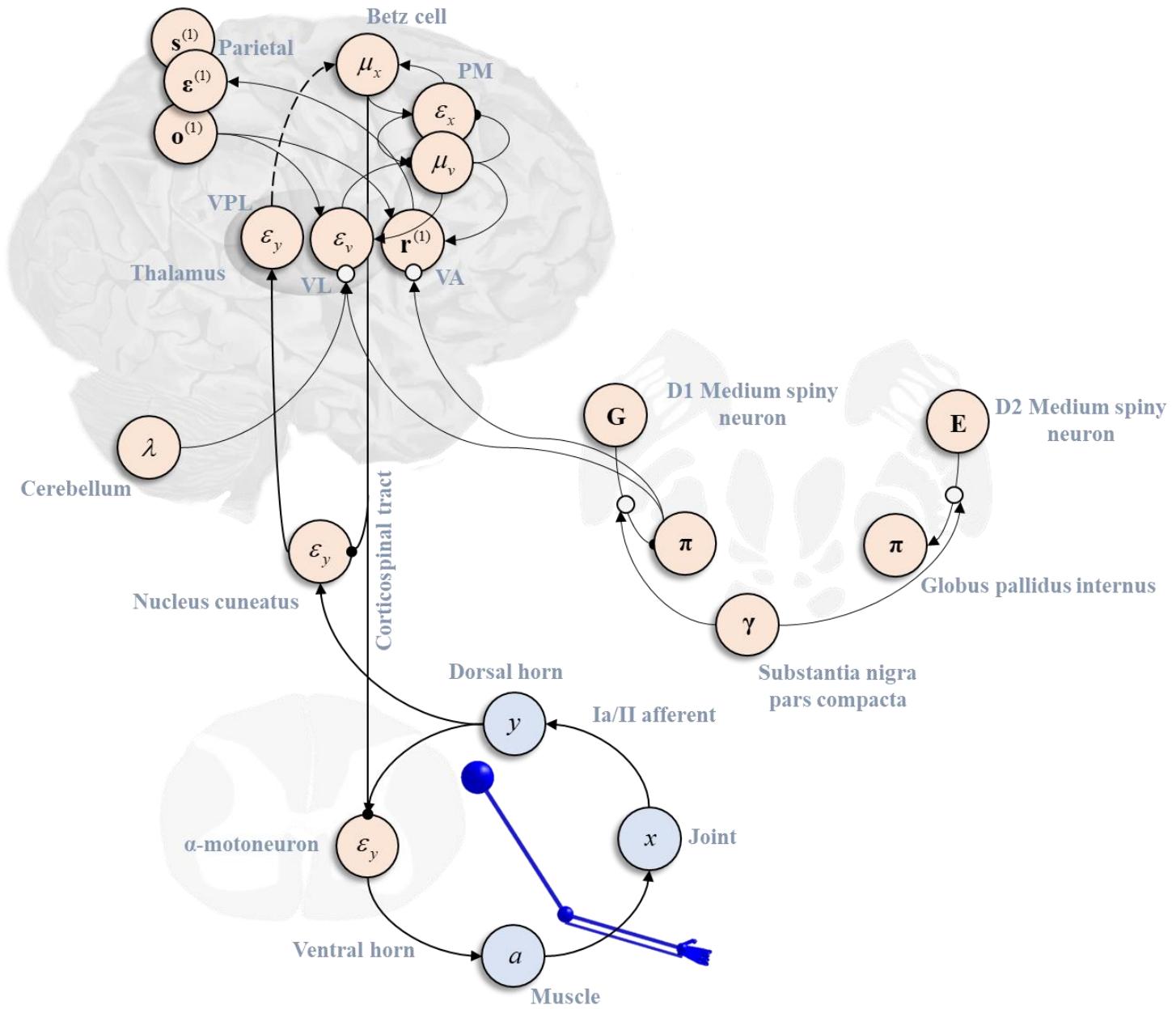
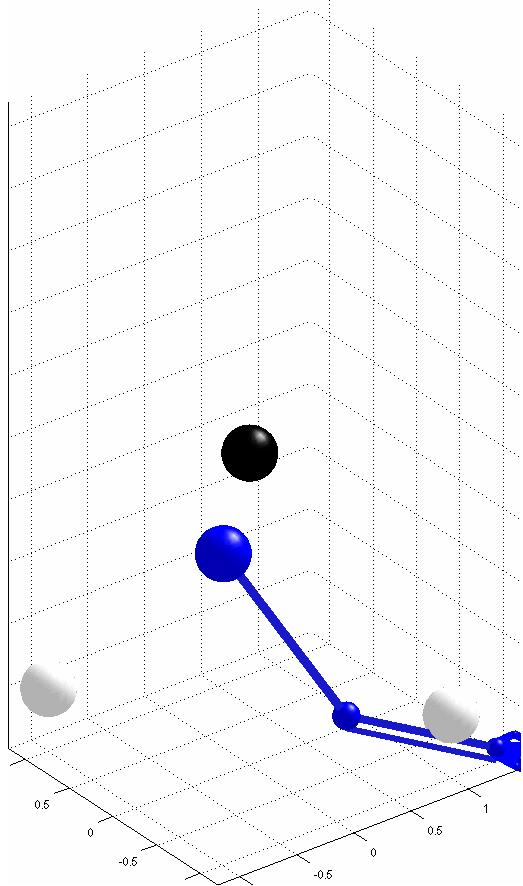
Self-evidencing
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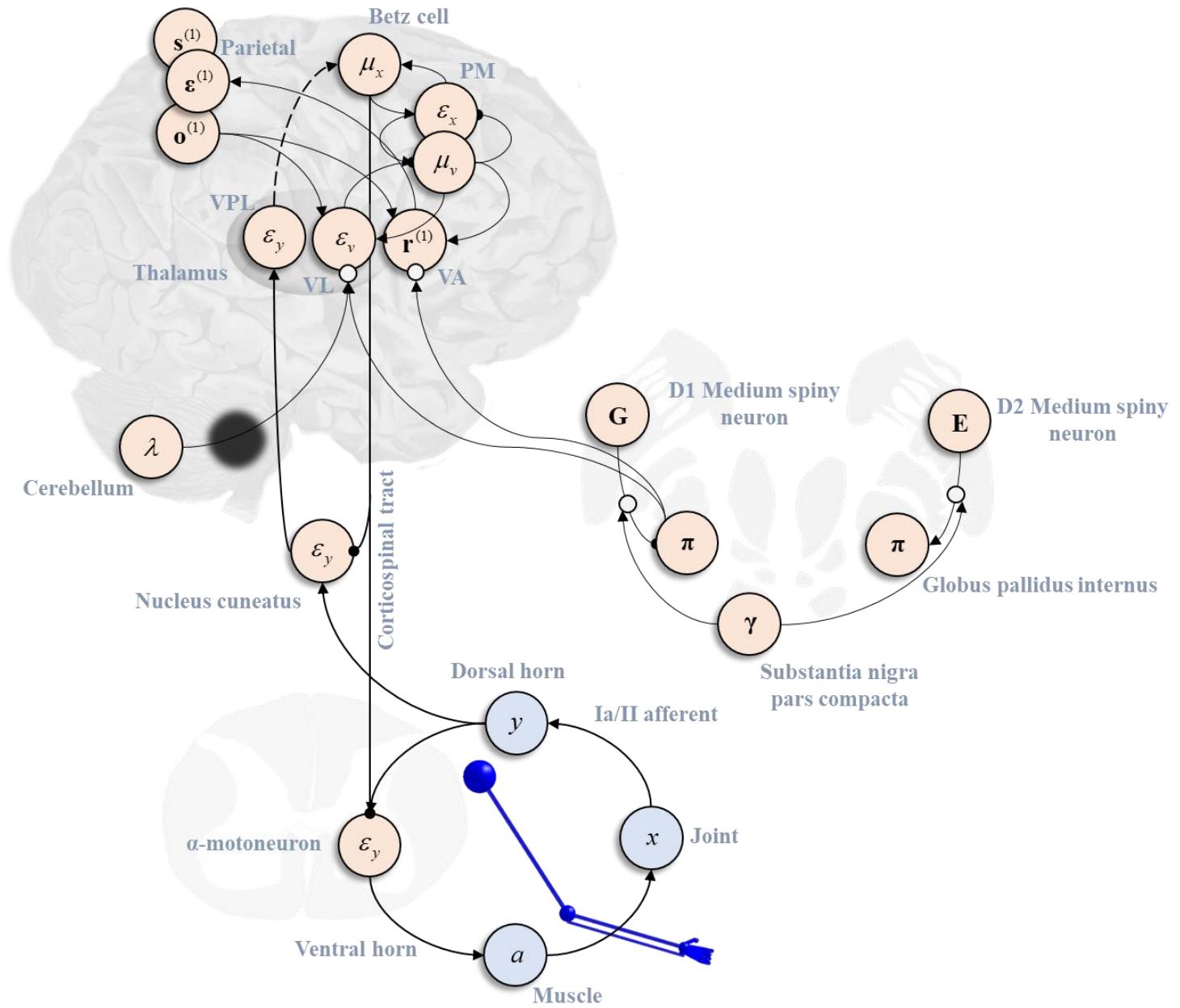
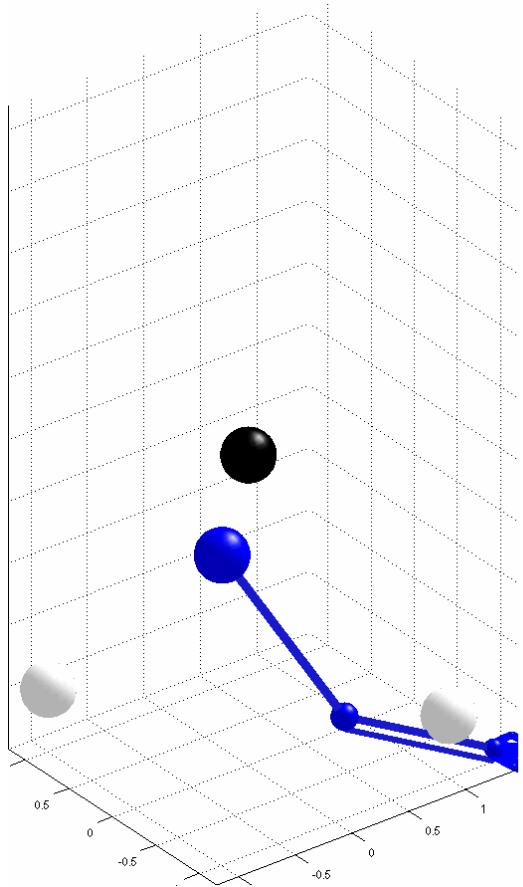


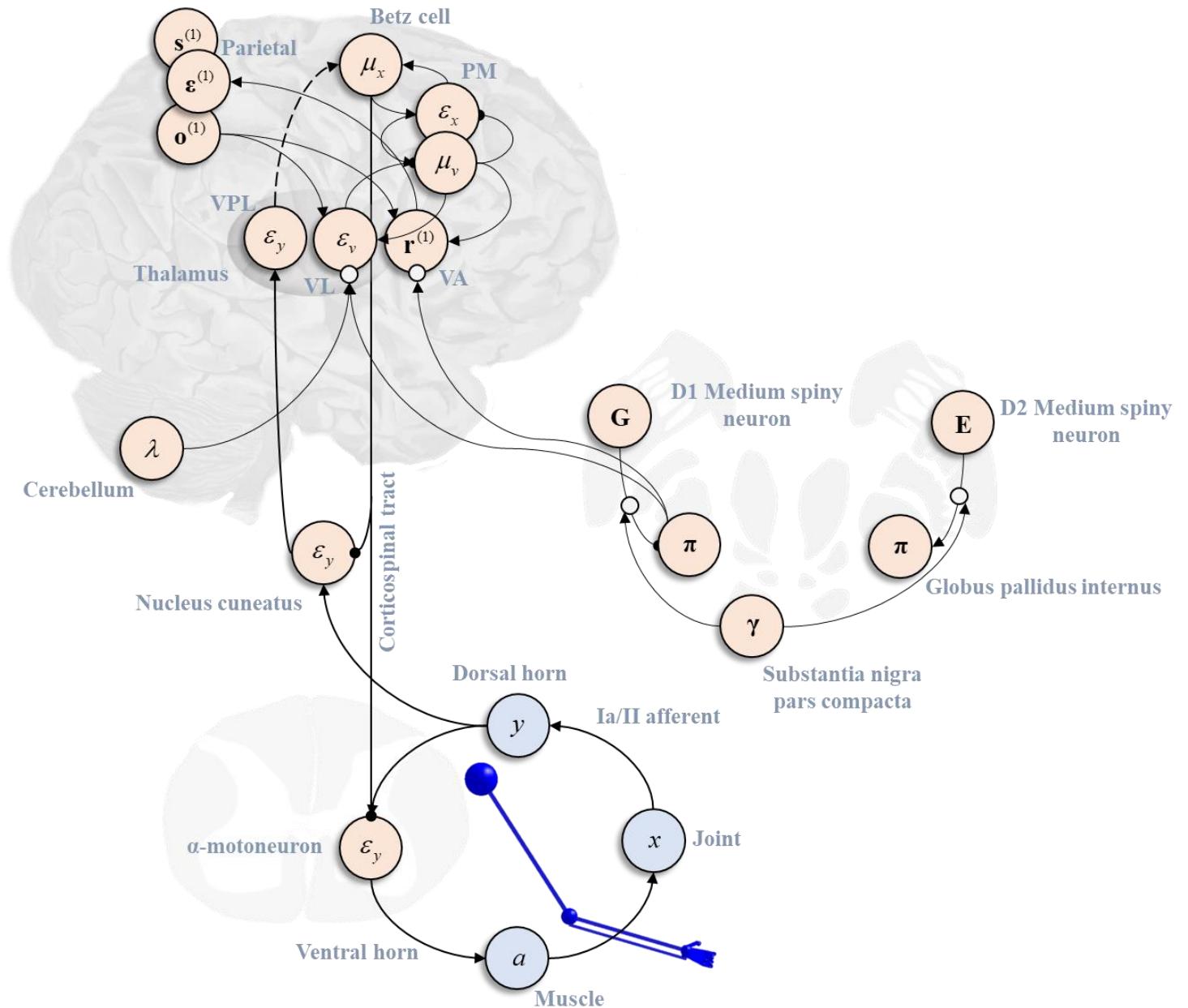


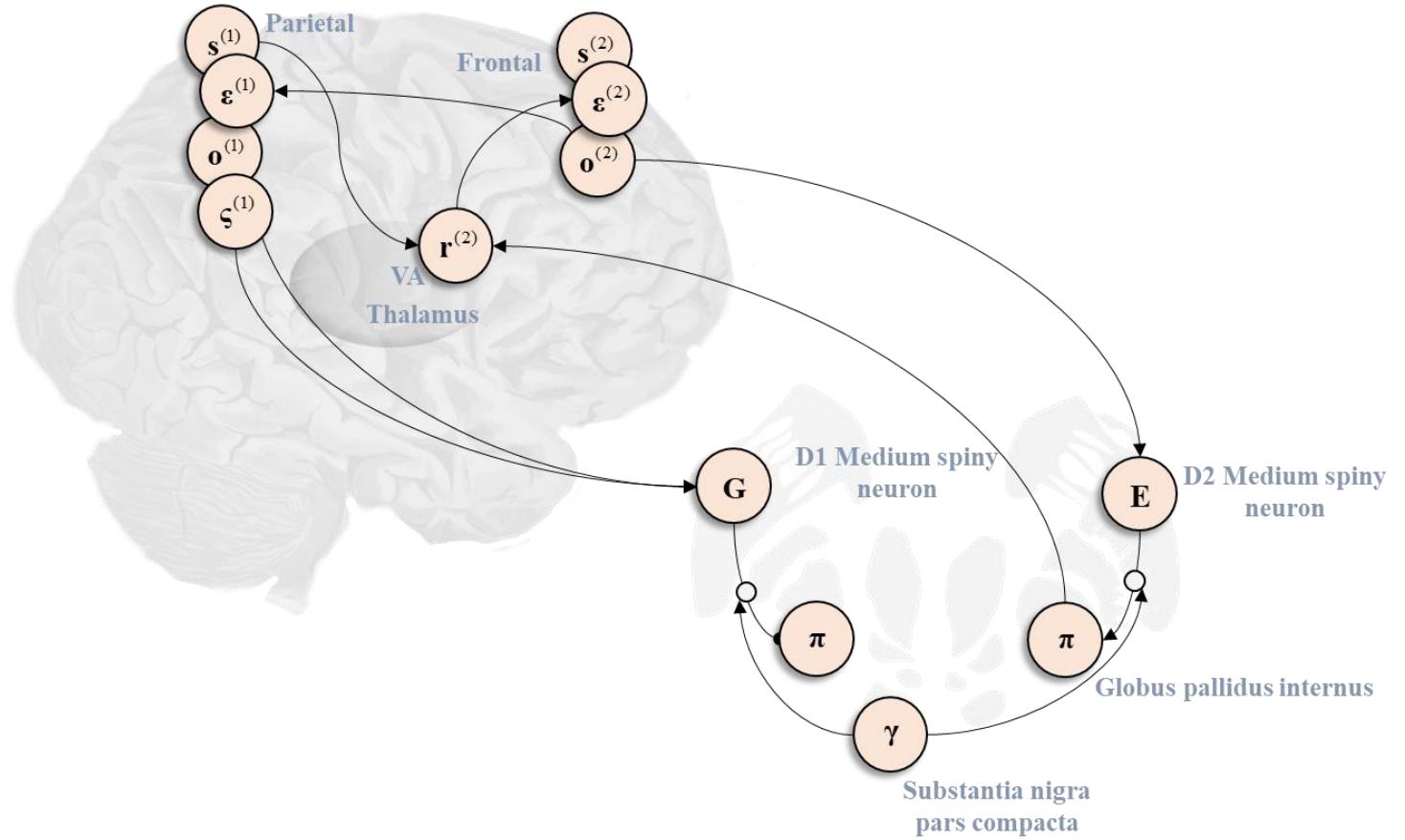


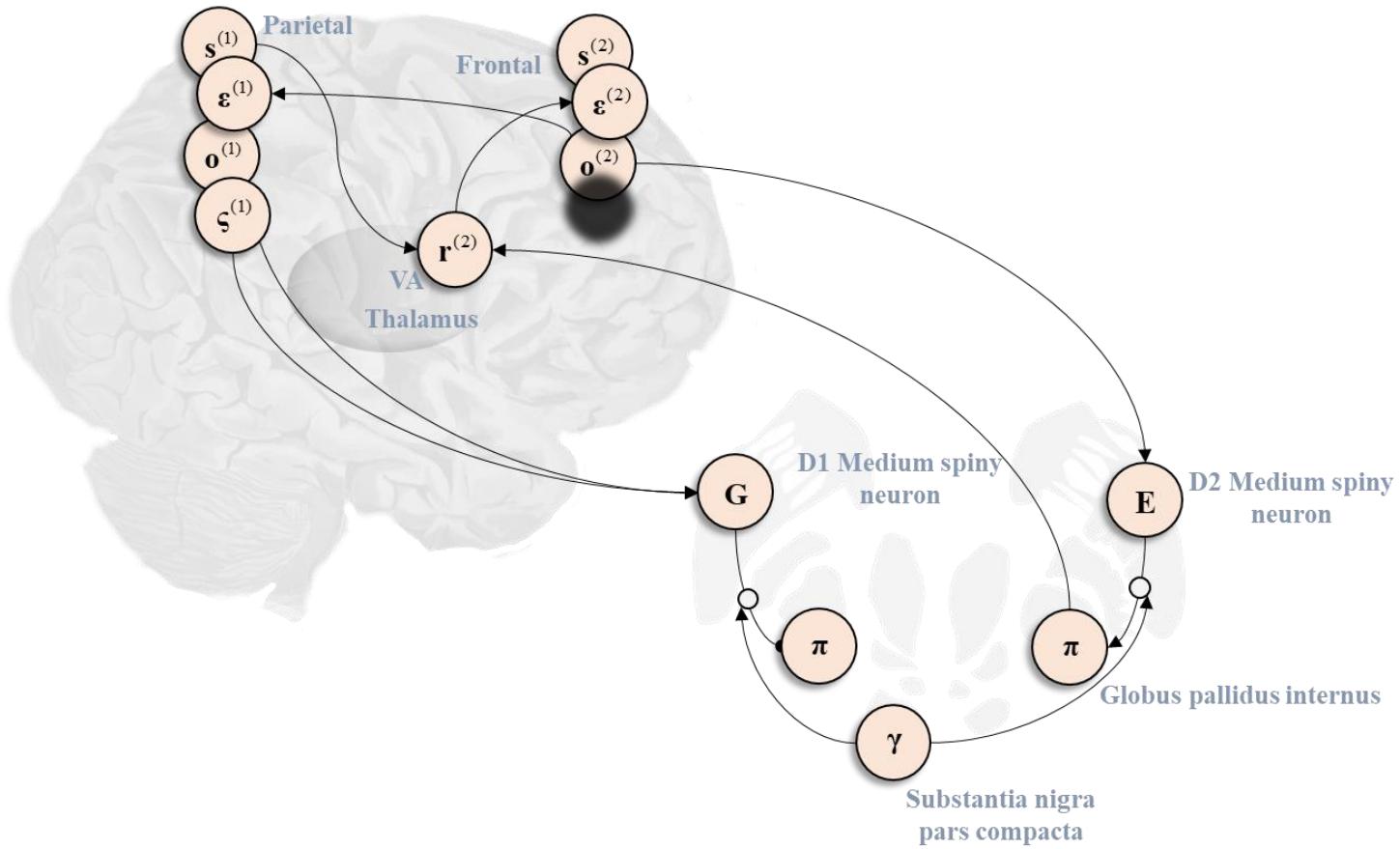
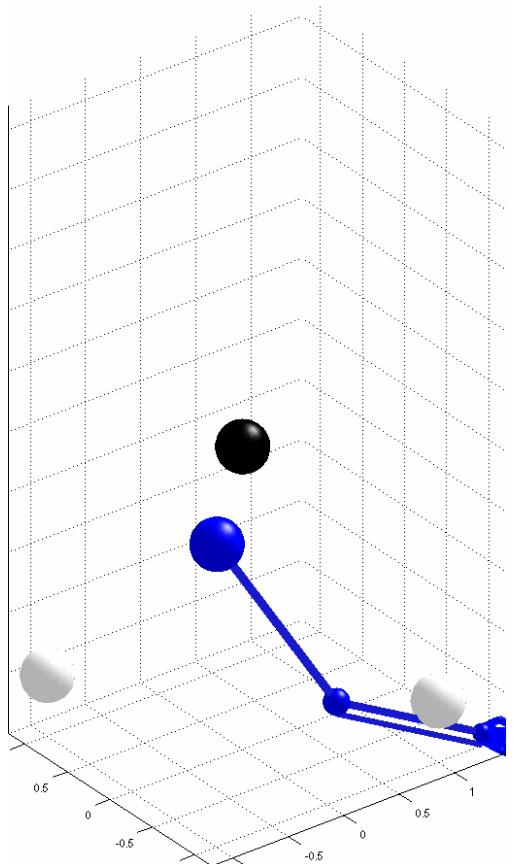


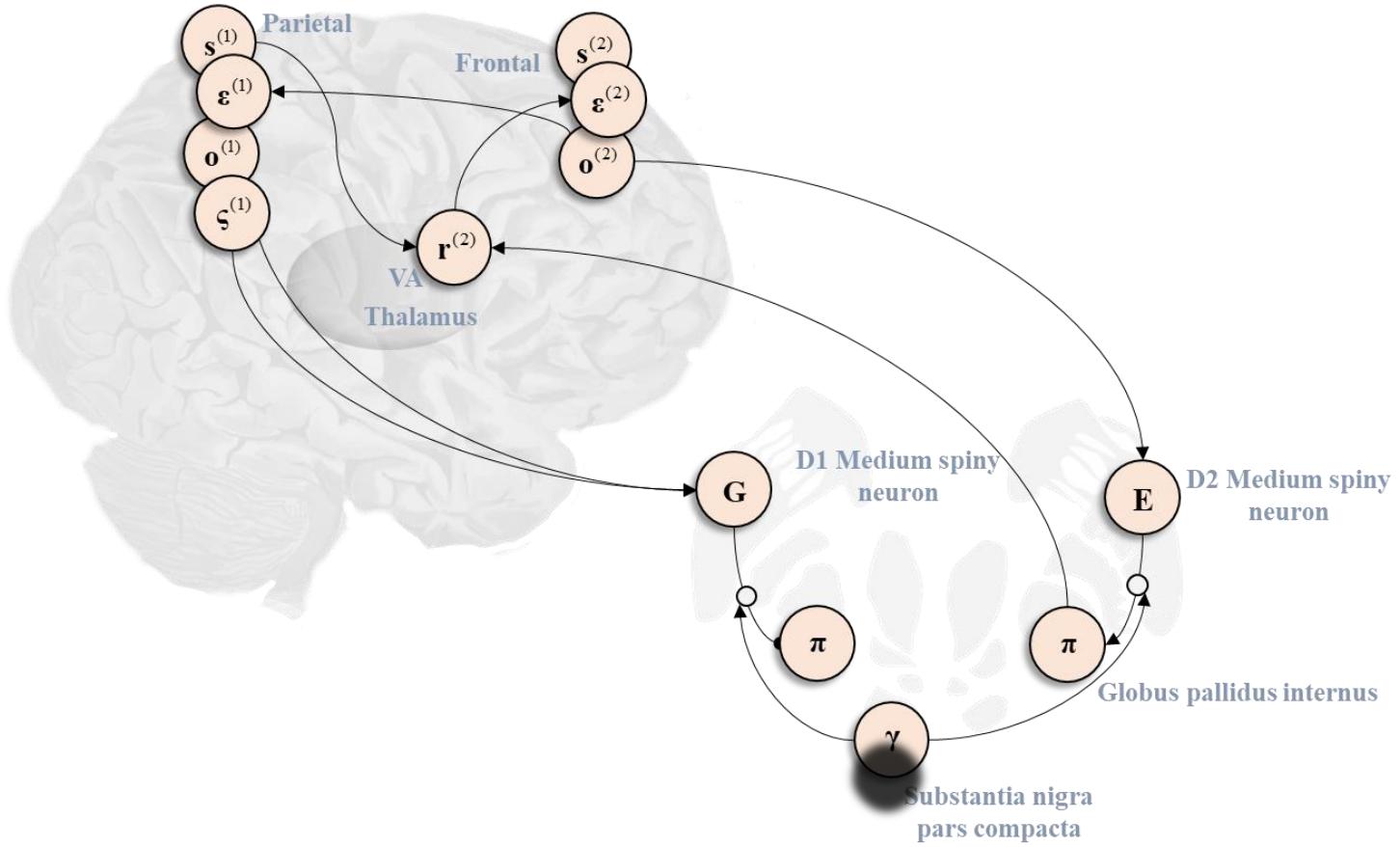
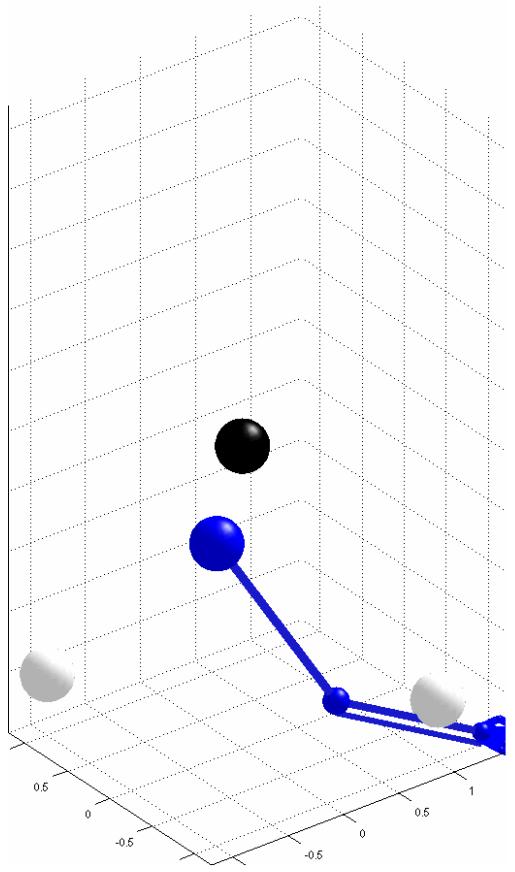




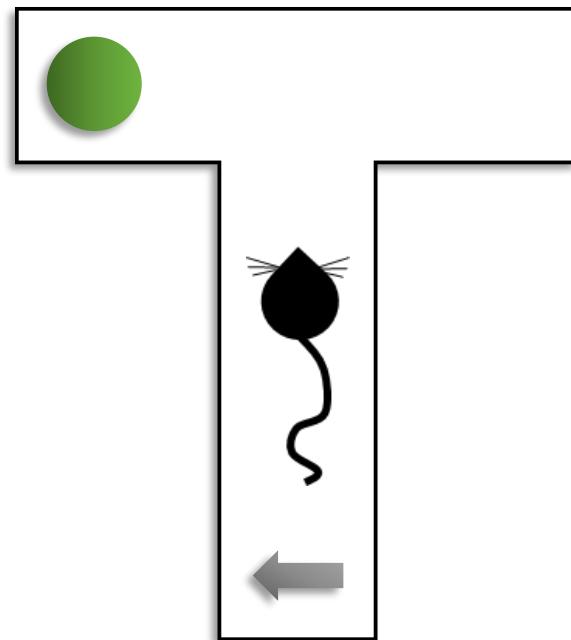


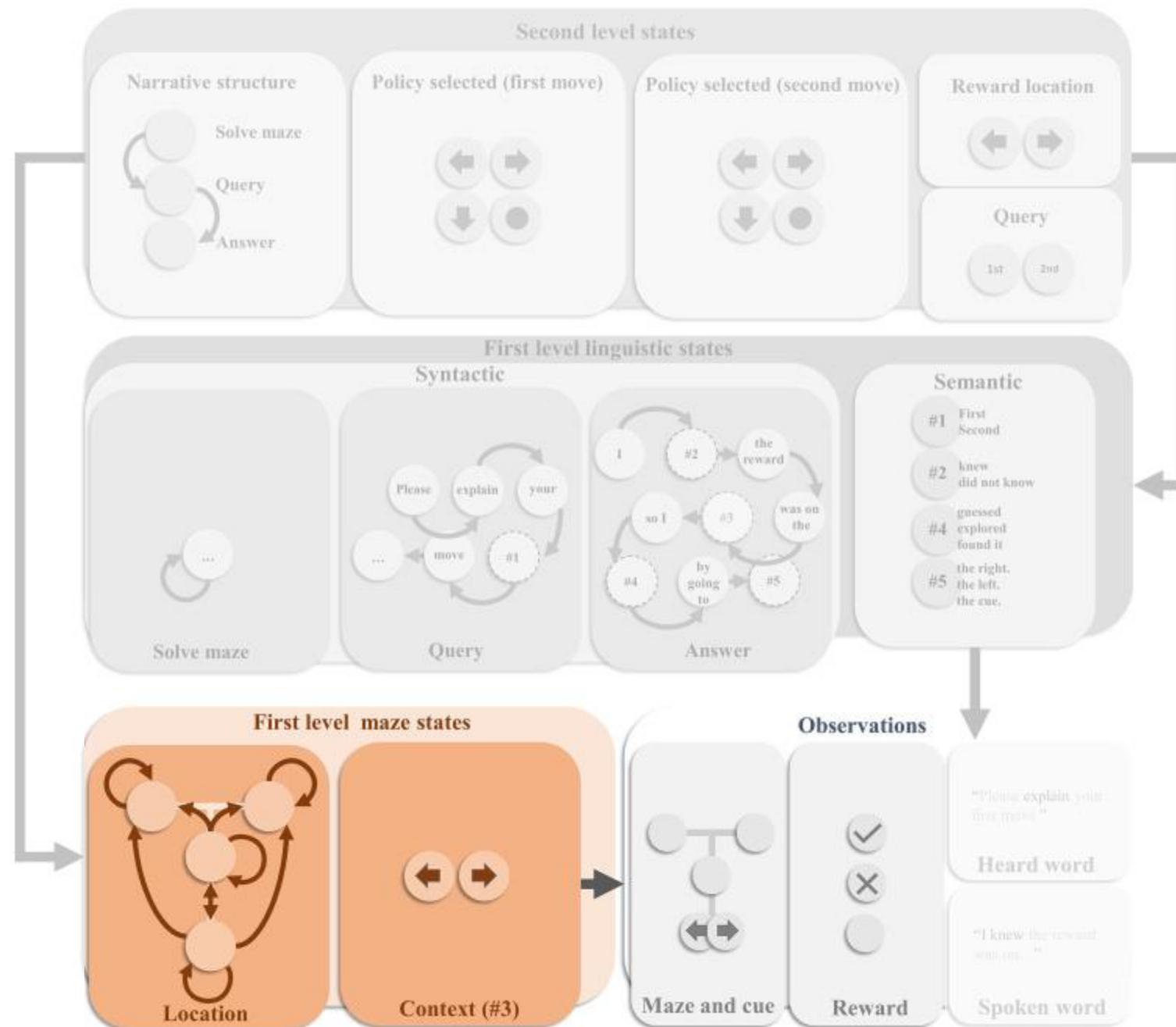


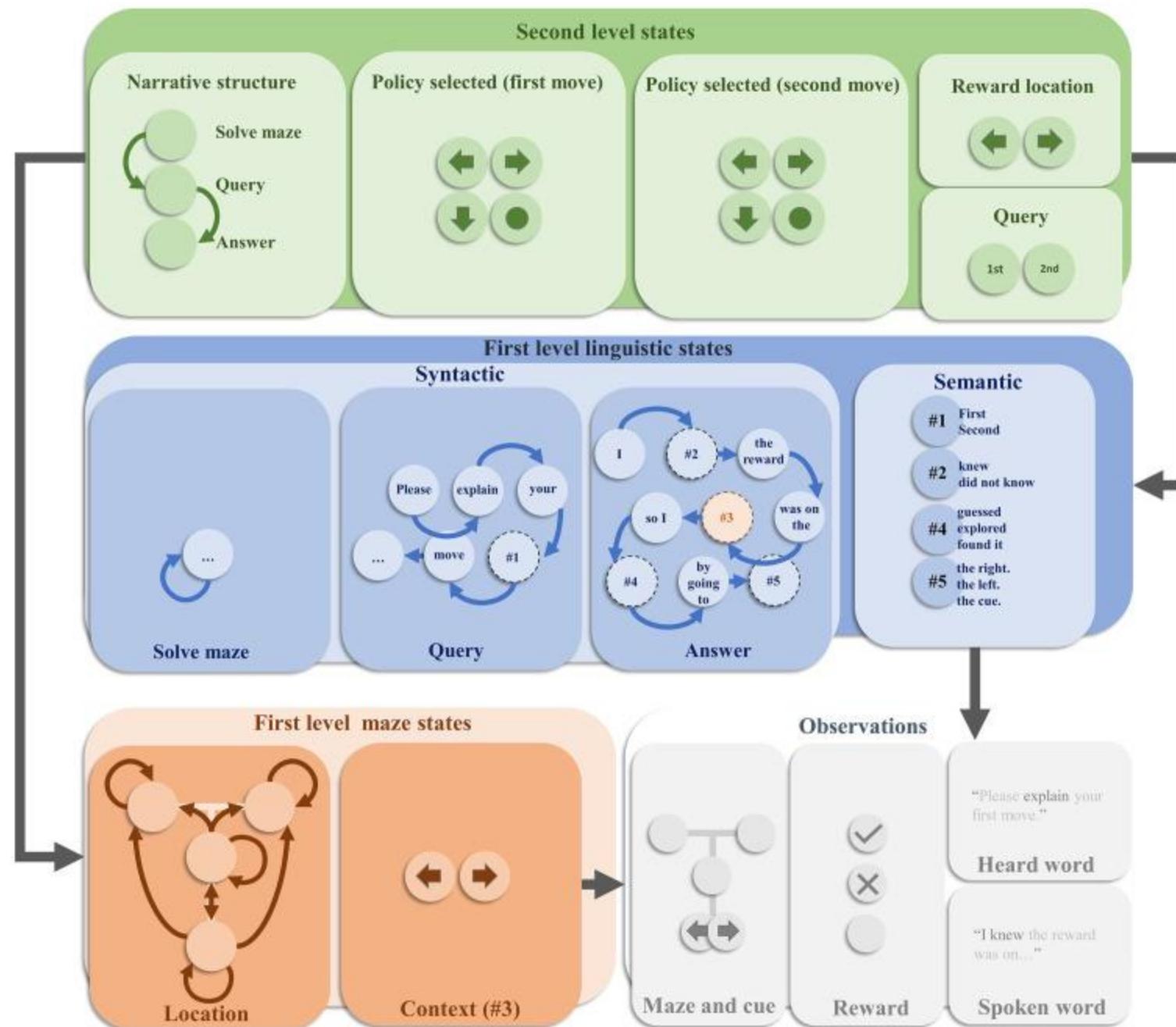




Navigating a T-maze

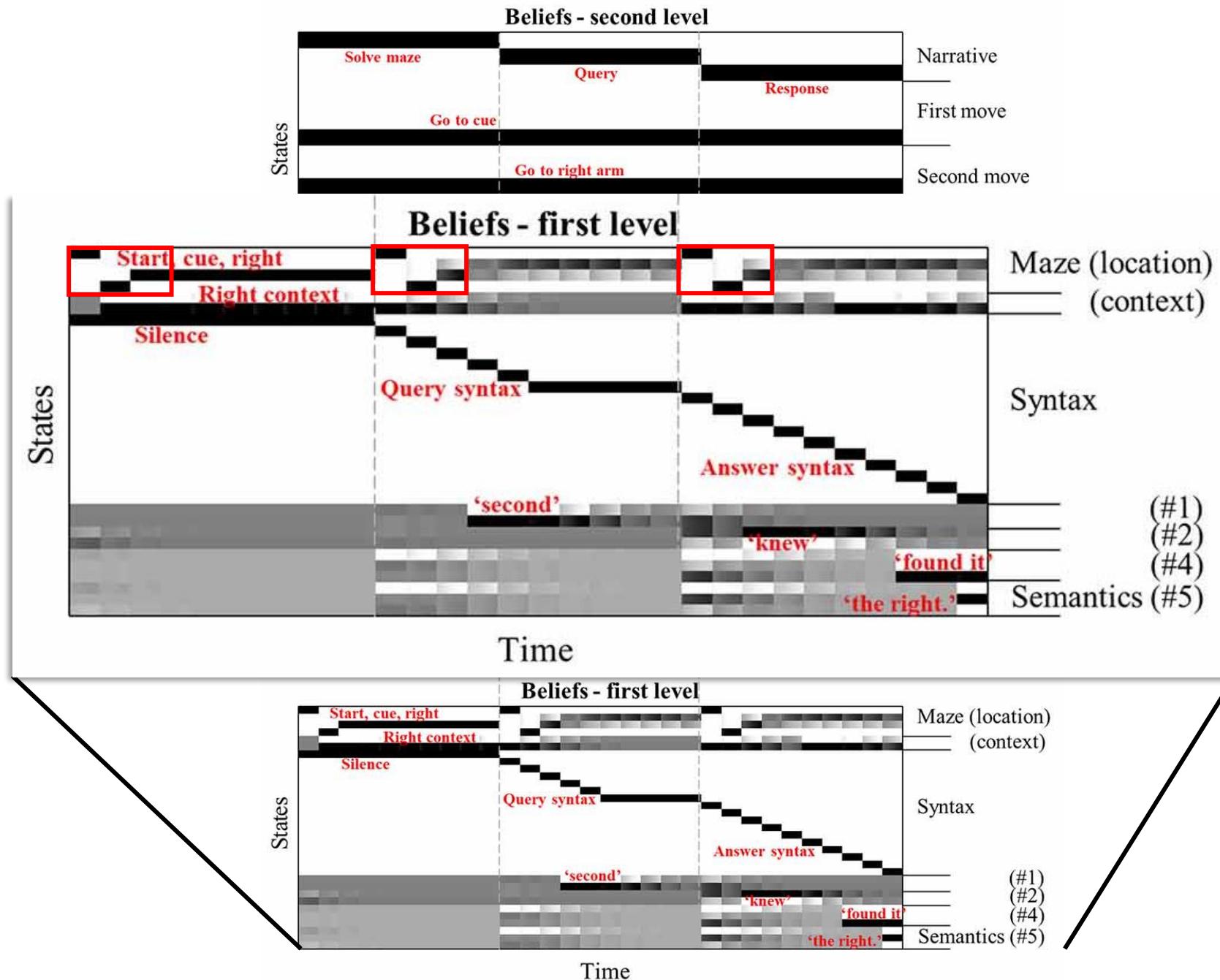






- Inferred location
- True location
- Inferred context

- Inferred location
- True location
- Inferred context



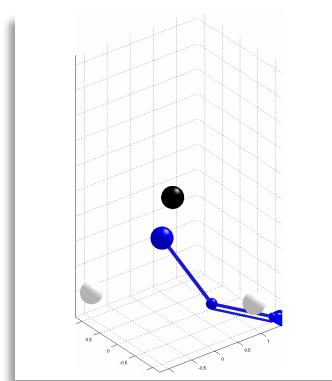
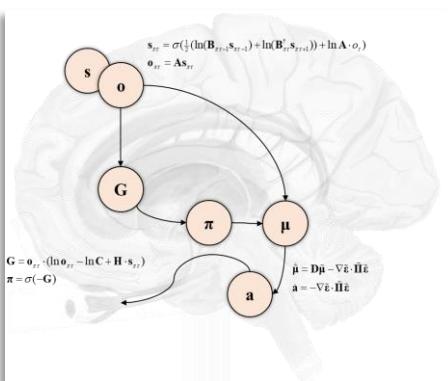
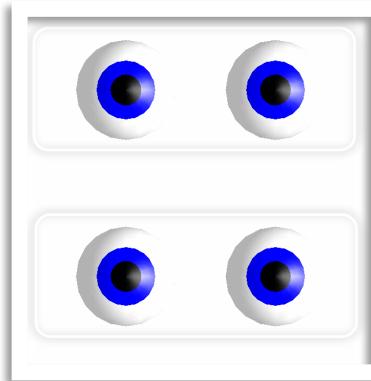
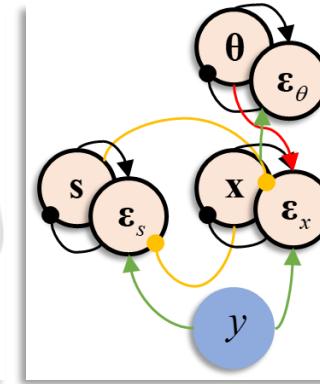
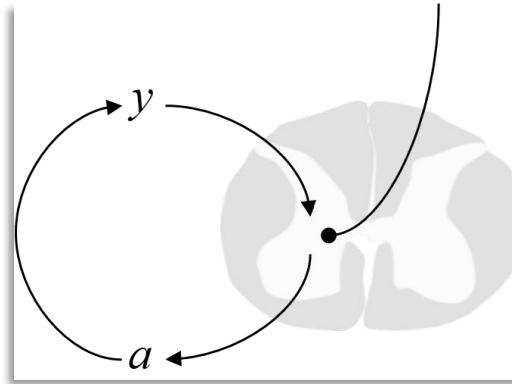
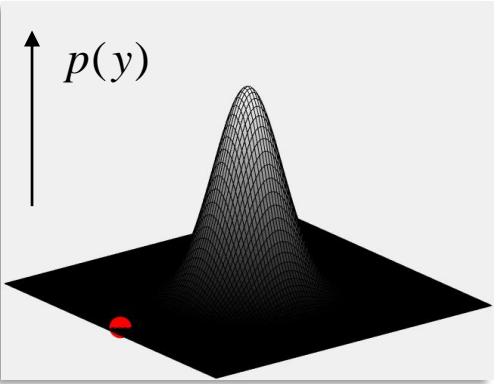
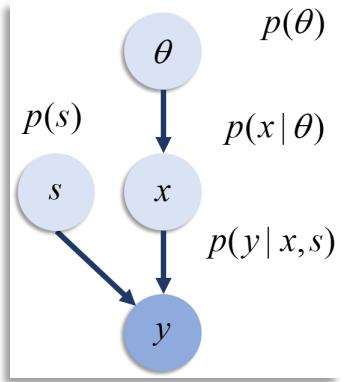
- Inferred location
- True location
- Inferred context

Confabulation



Active Inference

Self-evidencing
Message passing
Discrete time (planning)
Continuous time (movement)
Hierarchical models
Summary



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